

CATALOG



- YKS DİL SINAVI HAZIRLIK SETLERİ
- KONU ANLATIM FASİKÜLLERİ
- SORU BANKALARI
- YAPRAK TESTLER
- DENEMELER



HAKKIMIZDA

Win Win elt 2022 yılında İngilizce öğrenimi ve öğretimini desteklemek, İngilizce öğreniminde yeni bir tarz yaratmak amacıyla kurulmuştur.

Dil öğrenim yolunda öğrencilerimize en uygun ve doğru kaynağı hızlı bir şekilde ulaştırmayı hedefliyoruz. Ulaşılabilirlik vazgeçilmez sorumluluğumuzdur. Bu süreçte hazırladığımız YKS DİL setlerimiz ve sınava yardımcı kaynaklarımızla öğrencilerimizin sınav yükünü azaltmak en büyük dileğimiz olacaktır.

Hazırlanan setler ÖSYM sınav sistemine birebir uyumlu, Uzman soru yazarlarımız ve tecrübeli editörlerimiz tarafından özenli ve dikkatli bir şekilde hazırlanmıştır.

HEDEFLERİMİZ

Dil Öğrenim süreçlerinde tüm öğrencilerimize, öğretmenlerimize ve kullanıcılarımıza ulaşmak, bu süreçte onlara birer basamak olmak, onları en doğru hedefe ulaştırmaktır.

ANA ÇİZGİMİZ

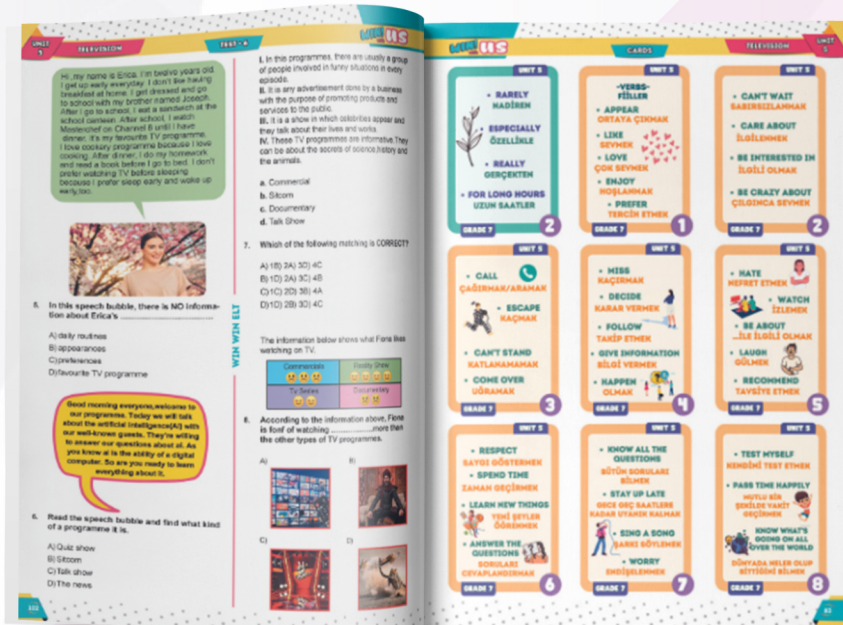
GÜVENİLİR VE DÜRÜST YAYINCILIK
ULAŞILABİLİRLİK VE ÖZGÜN İÇERİK
KALICI VE NİTELİKLİ ÖĞRETİM
SAYGI SEVGİ VE HOŞGÖRÜ



GRADE 7 Win With Us TEST BOOK



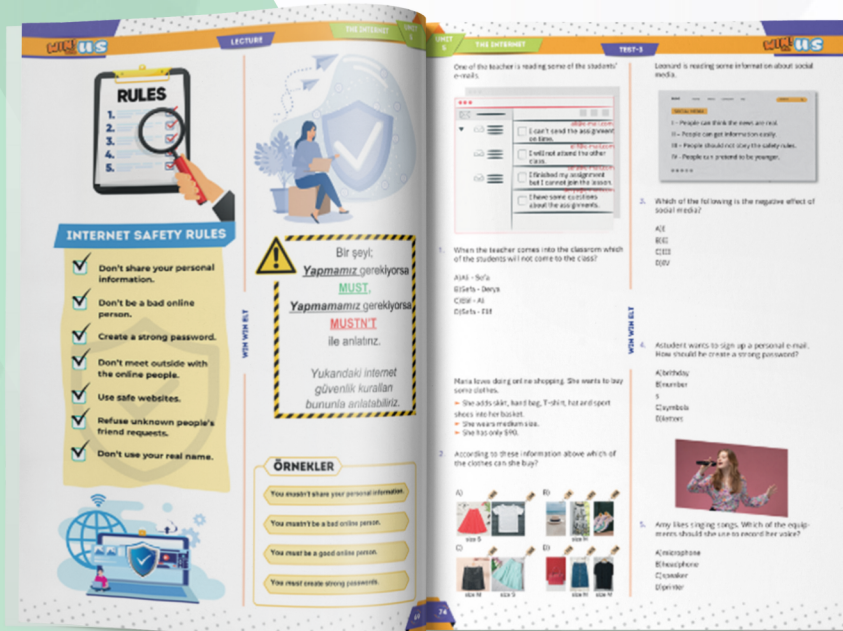
Grade 7 Test Kitabımız, 10 üniteden oluşmaktadır ve toplamda 750 soru içermektedir. Her ünite başında 90 adet kelime çalışması bulunmaktadır. Kitabımız, Milli Eğitim Bakanlığı müfredatına uygun olarak LGS eğitimine yönelik hazırlanmıştır. Kitabımızın akıllı tahta uygulaması mevcuttur.





GRADE 8 Win With Us TEST BOOK

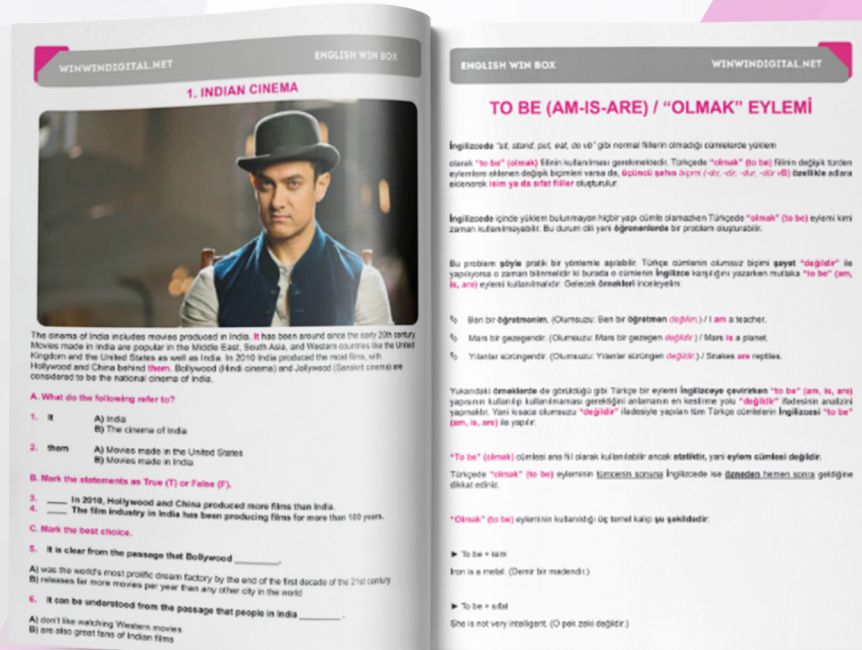
Grade 8 Test Kitabımız, 10 üniteden oluşmaktadır ve toplamda 750 soru içermektedir. Her ünite başında Konu anlatımı ve her ünitenin deneme sınavı mevcuttur. Kitabımızın en arkasında 10 adet deneme sınavı bulunmaktadır. Kitabımız, Milli Eğitim Bakanlığı müfredatına uygun olarak LGS eğitimine yönelik hazırlanmıştır. Kitabımızın akıllı tahta uygulaması mevcuttur.



English Win Box



English Win Box kitabımız, temel İngilizce eğitimi amacıyla A1+A2+B1 seviyelerinde eğitim sunmaktadır. Gramer bilgisini öğrencilerimizin anlayabileceği şekilde, basitten karmaşığa doğru işlemektedir. Kitabımızda ayrıca okuma, yazma ve kelime eğitimleri de verilmektedir. Akıllı tahta uygulamaları ve çevrimiçi online eğitimler de mevcuttur.



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ENGLISH WIN BOX

1. INDIAN CINEMA



The cinema of India includes movies produced in India. It has been around since the early 20th century. Movies made in India are popular in the Middle East, South Asia, and Western countries like the United Kingdom and the United States as well as India. In 2010 India produced the most films, with Hollywood and China behind them. Bollywood (Hindi cinema) and Jollywood (Bengali cinema) are considered to be the national cinema of India.

A. What do the following refer to?

1. **it** A) India
B) The cinema of India
2. **them** A) Movies made in the United States
B) Movies made in India

B. Mark the statements as True (T) or False (F).

3. **—** In 2010, Hollywood and China produced more films than India.
4. **—** The film industry in India has been producing films for more than 100 years.

C. Mark the best choice.

5. It is clear from the passage that Bollywood **—**
A) was the world's most prolific cinema factory by the end of the first decade of the 21st century
B) releases far more movies per year than any other city in the world
6. It can be understood from the passage that people in India **—**
A) don't like watching Western movies
B) are also great fans of Indian films

ENGLISH WIN BOX

WINWINDIGITAL.NET

TO BE (AM-IS-ARE) / "OLMAK" EYLEMİ

İngilizcede "it, stand, put, eat, do ve" gibi normal fiillerin olmadığı cümlelerde yüreim olarak "to be" (olmak) fiilin kullanılması gerekmektedir. Türkçede "olmak" (to be) fiilin değişik türden eylemlere atılan değişik biçimleri vardır. Bu türde eylemler "ol-ül-ül-ül-ül-ül" şeklinde adlara atılanlar **isim ya da sıfat fiilleri** olarak kabul edilir.

İngilizcede içinde yüreim bulunmayan hiçbir yapı cümle olmadan Türkçede "olmak" (to be) eylemi kimi zaman kullanılabılır. Bu durum dili yeni öğrenenlerde bir problem oluşturabilir.

Bu problem **göyle** pratik bir yöntemle aşılabılır. Türkçe cümlelerin olumsuzunu **sayat** "değildir" ile yapıyorsa o zaman İngilizce'de burada o cümlelerin İngilizce karşılığı yazarken mutlaka "to be" (am, is, are) eylemi kullanmalıdır. Örneğin: **Okulda değilim.**

1. Ben bir öğretmenim. (Olumsuz: Ben bir öğretmen **değilim**.) / I am a teacher.
2. Mars bir gezegendir. (Olumsuz: Mars bir gezegen **değildir**.) / Mars is a planet.
3. Yılanlar kurtçulardır. (Olumsuz: Yılanlar kurtçu **değildir**.) / Snakes are reptiles.

Yukarıdaki örneklerde de görüldüğü gibi Türkçe bir eylemi İngilizceye çevirenken "to be" (am, is, are) yapısının kullanıldığı kullanılmaması gerektir. Anlamının en kestirime yolu "değildir" fiilinden anlaşılır. Yani sadece olumsuz "değildir" ile yazılır. Yani Türkçe cümlelerin İngilizce'de "to be" (am, is, are) ile yapılır.

"To be" (olmak) cümle ana fiil olarak kullanılmaz. Ancak **statistik**, yani eylem cümlesi **değildir**. Türkçede "olmak" (to be) eyleminin **keskin** sonuna İngilizce'de ise **keskin** hemen sonra **geçirgen** eklenir.

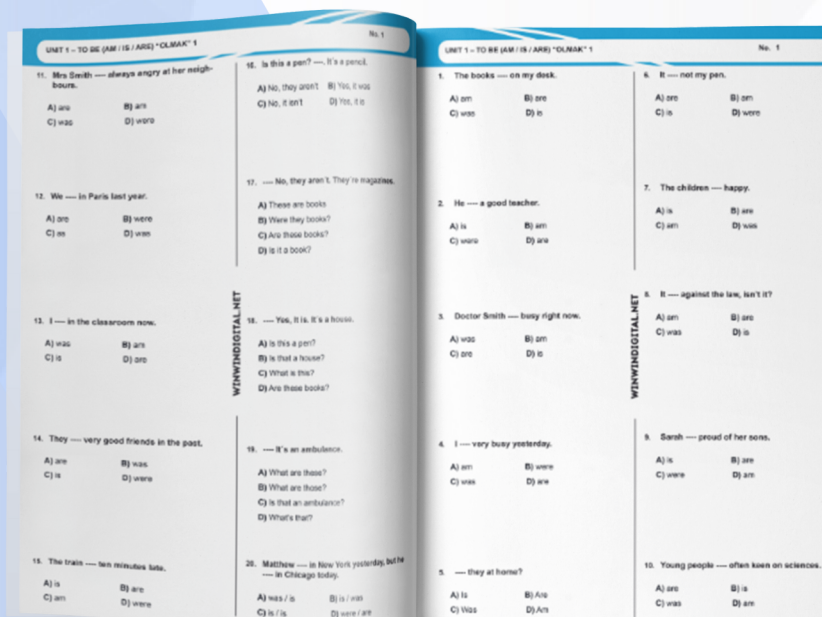
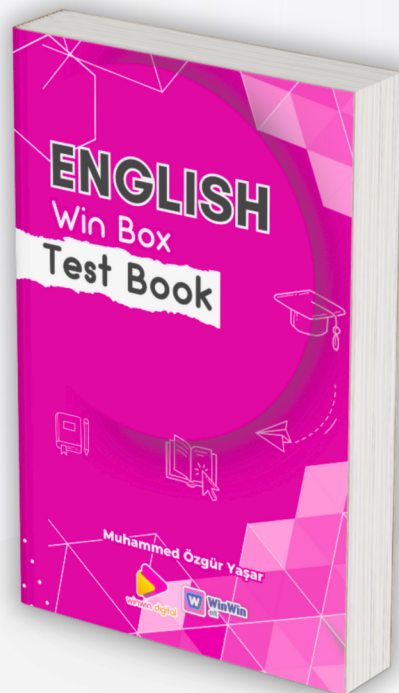
"Olmak" (to be) eyleminin kullanıldığı üç temel kural şu şekildedir:

- To be + isim
Iron is a metal. (Demir bir madendir.)
- To be + sıfat
She is not very intelligent. (O pek zeki değildir.)



English Win Box TEST BOOK

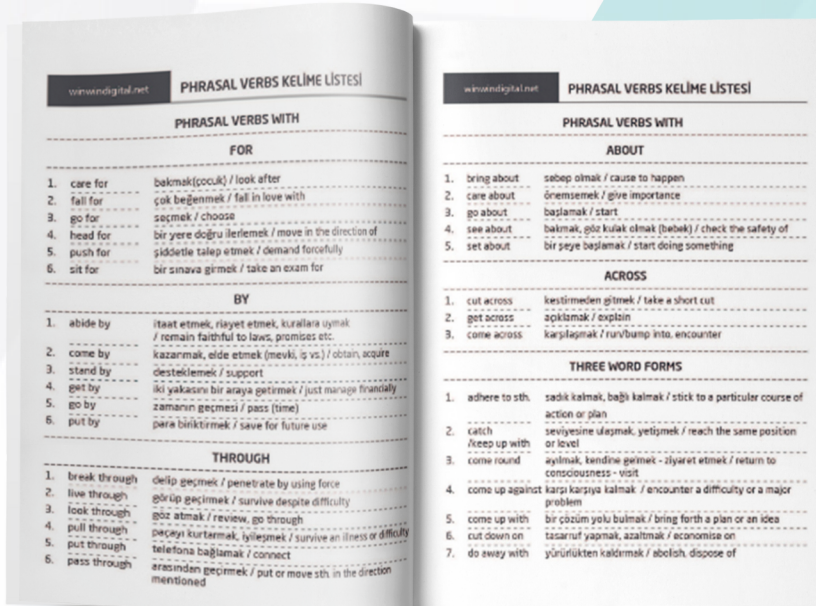
Test book kitabımız English win box kitabımızda gördüğümüz konuları pekiştirme amacıyla hazırlanmıştır. Toplamda 500 adet test sorusu vardır.





English Win Box Hedef 5000 Kelime

5000 Kelime Kitabımız'da, YKS Dil Sınavı, YDS (Yabancı Dil Sınavı) ve YÖK Dil Sınavı'nda çıkan kelimeler seviyelendirilmiş şekilde öğretim imkanı sağlayan bir kitapçık bulunmaktadır. Kitabımız, dil sınavlarında en çok kullanılan 5000 kelimeyi içermektedir. Ayrıca, "5000 Kelime Kitabı"nın online eğitimi de mevcuttur.

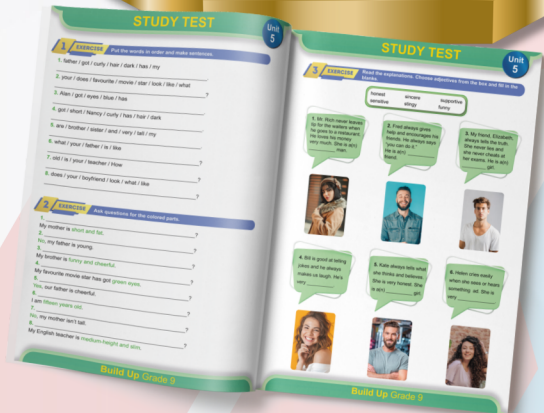
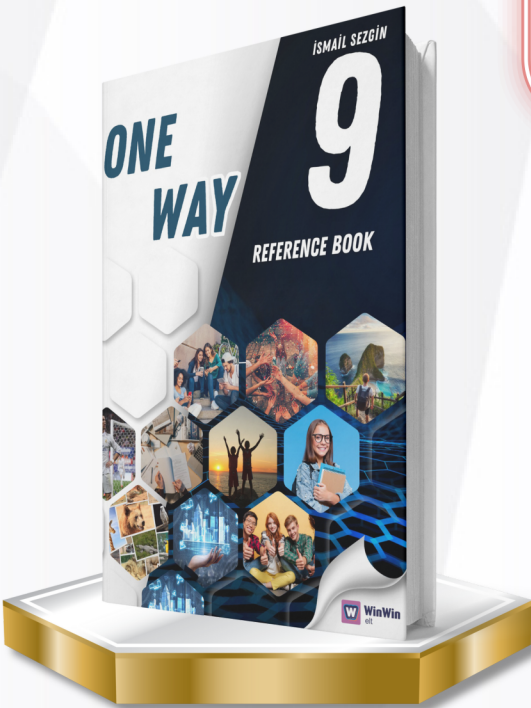


ONE WAY

9



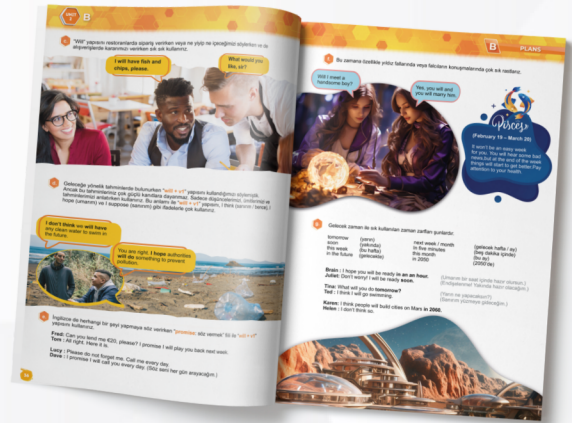
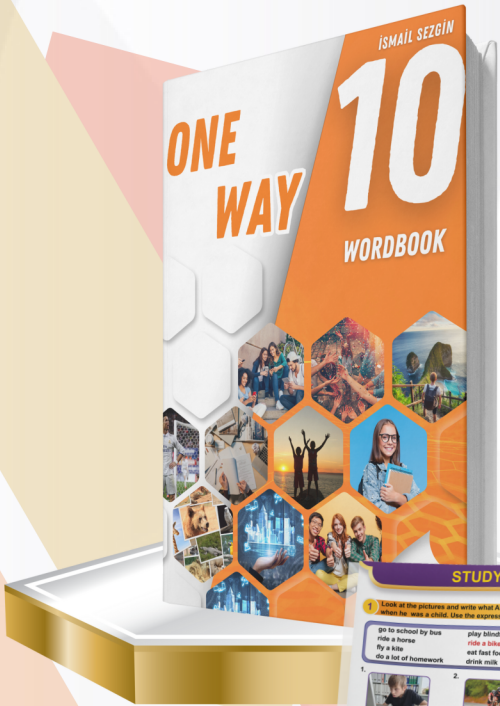
İngilizce öğrenirken kaliteli ve etkili bir kaynağa sahip olmak, öğrenme sürecini daha eğlenceli ve verimli hale getirebilir. İşte tam da bu amaçla hazırlanan İsmail Sezgin imzalı kitap, öğrencilere İngilizceyi MEB müfredatı doğrultusunda eğlendirici ve akılda kalıcı bir şekilde öğretmeyi hedefliyor.





ONE WAY 10

İsmail Sezgin'in imzasını taşıyan bu harika eser, 10. sınıf öğrencilerinin İngilizce öğrenme deneyimini eğlenceli ve verimli hale getirmeyi amaçlıyor. İki kitaptan oluşan bu eser, akıllı tahta ve öğretmen paketiyle öğretim sürecini güçlendirmektedir.



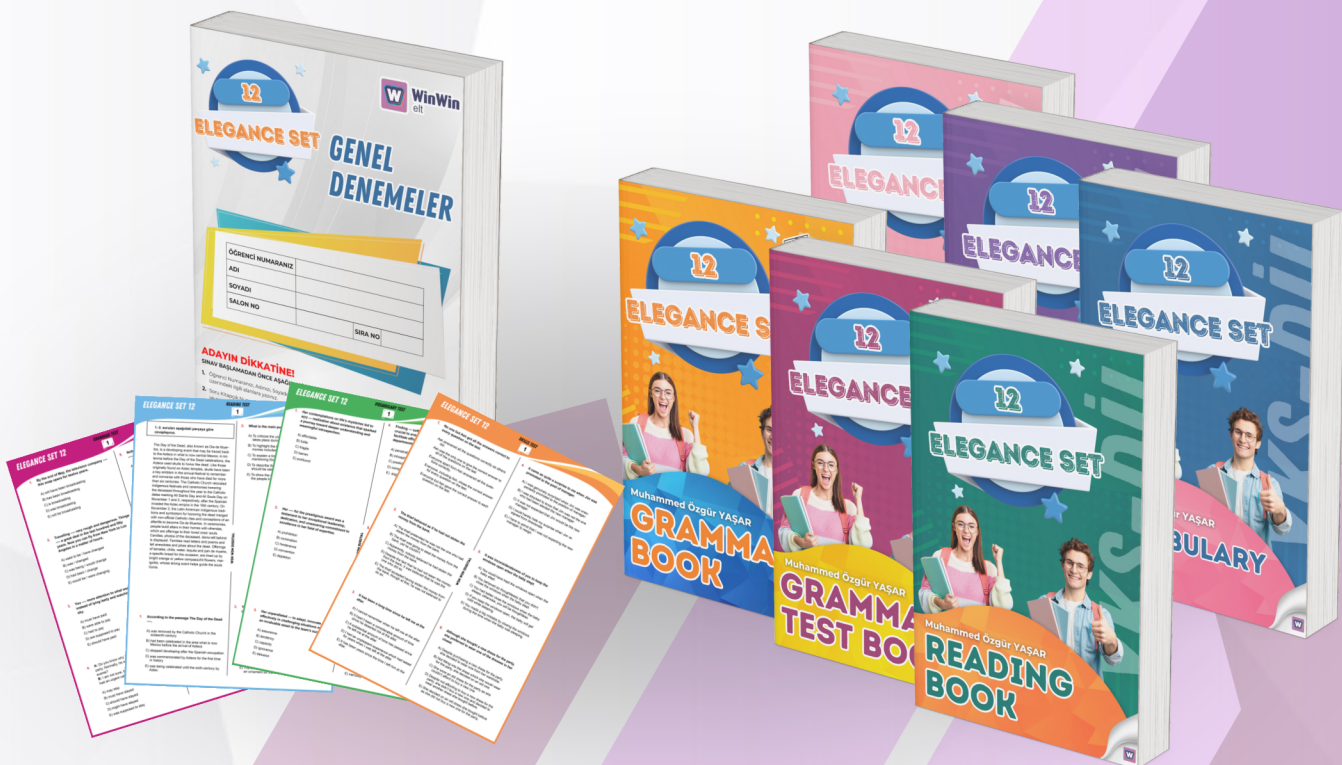


12

ELEGANCE SET

ELEGANCE SET 12 İçindekiler:

- GRAMMAR Book
- GRAMMAR Test Book
- READING Book
- VOCABULARY Book
- SKILLS Book
- Mini Denemeler
- Genel Denemeler
- Yaprak Testler

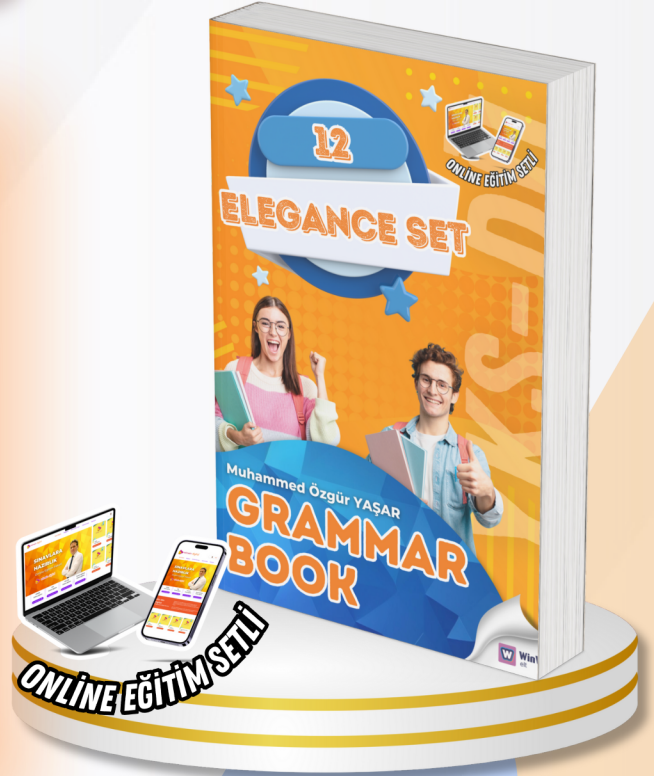




ELEGANCE SET 12 GRAMMAR BOOK

"Elegance Set Grammar Book:
Tüm Gramer Konularını İzleyin ve
Pratik Yapın"

Elegance Set Grammar Book, tüm gramatik konuları kapsayan ve detaylı örneklerle zenginleştirilmiş bir kaynaktır. Bu kitapta, her bir konu ayrıntılı olarak ele alınmakta ve bol miktarda örnek ile desteklenmektedir. Öğrenciler, gramatik yapıları öğrenirken hem konuları izleyebilir hem de pratik yapma imkanı bulurlar.





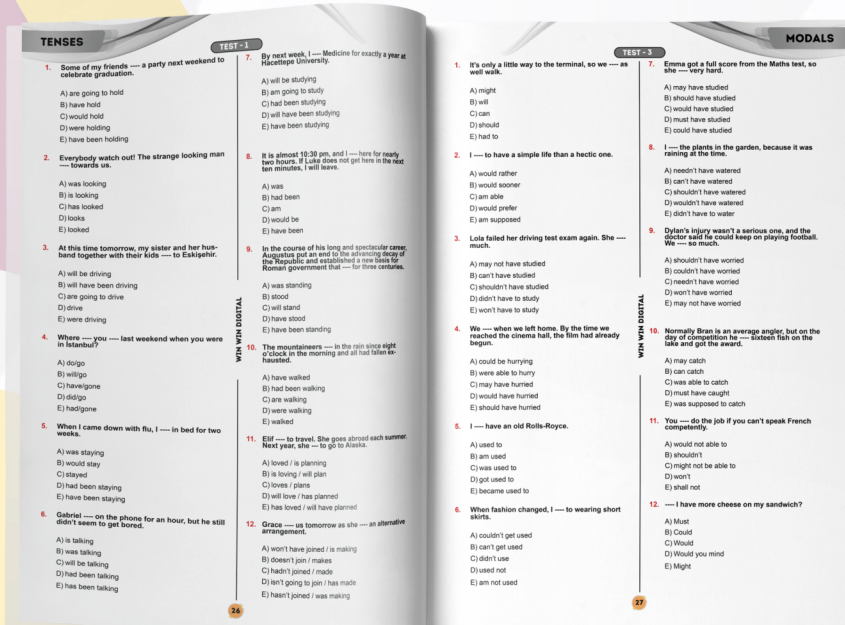
ELEGANCE SET 12

GRAMMAR TEST BOOK



"Grammar Test Book: Tüm Konularla İlgili Test Sorularıyla Dolu"

Grammar Test Book, tüm dilbilgisi konularını kapsayan zengin bir içeriğe sahip olup, özgün içerikleri ve çeşitli soru tipleriyle dikkat çeker. Bu kitap, öğrencilere geniş bir test sorusu yelpazesi sunarak konuları pekiştirme imkanı sağlar.





ELEGANCE SET 12 READING BOOK

Reading Book, öğrencilerin okuma becerilerini geliştirmek amacıyla 50 adet okuma parçası ve 50 adet cloze test sorusu ile zenginleştirilmiş bir içeriğe sahiptir. Ayrıca, kitap içerisinde çok sayıda okuma sorusu bulunmaktadır. Bu zengin içerik, öğrencilere okuma yeteneklerini güçlendirme ve geliştirme fırsatı sunar.



ELEGANCE SET 12 **TEST-1** **READING BOOK**

1-3. sorular aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The turning point of World War I came sometime in 1916. This was the year of the famous Battle of the Somme. It was also the year when the Liberal Government in Britain was defeated after a crisis in industry and a sudden great rise in prices. Lord Kitchener, the national hero and the one who led the war, was tragically drowned in this same year. Douglas Haig replaced Kitchener as the one to direct military policy, but he never became popular with the people as Kitchener had been, because he seemed coldly indifferent to fates of the soldiers he commanded.

2. The writer suggests that, unlike Lord Kitchener, Douglas Haig —

A) really had all the qualities required of a military commander.
B) soon became a war hero for his country.
C) showed no sympathy for the soldiers under his command.
D) was highly qualified and experienced in military matters.
E) gave much importance to gaining popularity among the people.

WIN WIN DIGITAL

1. According to the passage, it is clear that the year 1916 —

A) brought the Liberal Government a widespread popularity in the country.
B) brought Britain and her allies the final victory of the war.
C) will always be remembered as the year when the British people grew more hopeful.
D) was the year when Britain suffered many defeats in the war.
E) was a historic one for Britain for various reasons.

3. The writer points out that the liberal Government in Britain lost power —

A) because the economic situation took a serious turn. B) since so many soldiers had died in the Battle of the Somme.
C) a very short time after Lord Kitchener was dismissed in a very tragic way.
D) even though a change of government had been introduced.
E) as a result of the military policies it had introduced.

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ELEGANCE SET 12 **TEST-1** **READING BOOK**

4-6. sorular aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In surveys of British public opinion, journalists typically rank below politicians, lawyers and used-car salesmen as trustworthy characters. And yet we depend upon journalists to guide us through today's rapidly evolving, information-rich "media age". The internet, digital television and technologies as yet unborn all promise to revolutionize how we learn about what's going on, in a world increasingly shaped by the forces of economic globalization. But there is surely no substitute for good-quality, probing journalism. After all, it is the great crusading craft. It is the great support of democracy. In every society, authority - whether government, corporate or pressure group - needs to be constantly and vigorously challenged by an independent press. In every society too, that challenge rarely comes from the right. Indeed, in theory at least, it should come from the campaigning, liberal media.

4. It is pointed out in the passage that, in general, the British people —

A) do not have much faith in the press.
B) are more influenced by what they see on the television than by what they read in the newspapers.
C) are indifferent to the forces of economic globalization.
D) prefer right-wing to left-wing journalism.
E) equate journalism with democracy.

6. The writer of this passage is clearly firmly convinced that the various news-providing technologies such as the internet and television —

A) are very liberal in their attitudes towards human behavior.
B) will presently take over all the functions of the press.
C) already present matters of global importance in a far more convincing manner than the press can.
D) cannot serve the same purpose as an independent press.
E) are being unfairly criticized by a great many journalists.

WIN WIN DIGITAL

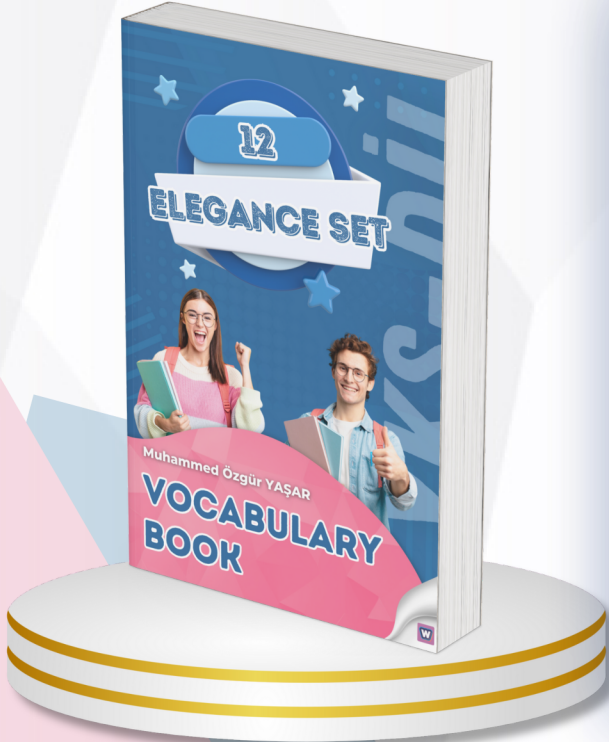
4. The important point stressed in this passage is that —

A) the internet will replace the press unless the press improves its standards.
B) the standard of journalism in Britain is particularly high.
C) journalism has a very important duty to fulfill.
D) the importance of the press is very often overestimated.
E) there is no valid role left for the press in the "media age".

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ELEGANCE SET 12 VOCABULARY BOOK



Vocabulary Book, kelime öğrenimi için tasarlanmış ve bu kelimelerin akılda kalıcı olması için tablolar ve sorular üzerinde pratik imkanı sunan bir kaynaktır. Ağırlık olarak çıkmış kelimeler ve çıkma ihtimali yüksek olan kelimeler üzerinde durulmuştur.

ELEGANCE SET 12		VOCABULARY BOOK	
WORD	SYNONYMS	MEANING	
ABANDON	GIVE UP LEAVE	terk etmek, bırakmak	
ABATE	LESSEN DIMINISH DECREASE REDUCE	azaltmak	
ABBREVIATE	SHORTEN	kısaltmak	
ADVOCATE	STEP DOWN	resmen çekilmek	
ABDOMEN	BELLY	karın	
ABDONDON	RELINQUISH DESERT FORSAKE LEAVE	terk etmek, bırakmak	
ABROAD	OVERSEAS	deniz aşırı, yurt dışı	
ABRUPT	SUDDEN	ani	
ABSORB	SOAK UP	emmek	
ABSTAIN	REFRAIN AVOID	terk etmek, kaçınmak	
ACCELERATE	EXPEDITE SPEED UP HASTEN	hızlandırmak	
ACCEPT	RECEIVE	kabul etmek	
ACCOMPANY	ESCORT	ekip etmek	
ACCOMPLICE	ABETTOR	baş ortak	
ACCOMPLISH	SUCCEED ACHIEVE	başarmak	
ACCOUNT FOR	EXPLAIN MAKE UP	açıklamak, oluşturmak	
ACCUMULATE	BUILD UP AMASS	biriktirmek	
ACQUIRE	OBTAIN ATTAIN	elde etmek, edinmek	
ADAGE	PROVERB	söz	
ADAPT	ADROOD TALENTED	esnek, yetenekli	
ADJUST	ADAPT	uyum sağlamak	
ADVENTUROUSLY	DARINGLY	gürcükle bir şekilde	
ADVERSARY	ENEMY FOE	düşman, rakip	
ADVOCATE	SUPPORT FAVOR	terfiye etmek	
AFFLICTION	SORROW ANGUISH GRIEF AGONY	acı, keder, ağrı	
AFFLUENCE	PROSPERITY	boluluk, bereket	
AGILE	NIMBLE	çevik, zeki	
ALIKE	SIMILAR	benzer	
ALLEGATION	CLAIM	iddia, iddia	
ALLOW	PERMIT	izin vermek	
ALTER	CHANGE SHIFT	değiştirmek	
ALGEBRAIC	PANCKLER	zihin, zeka	
ANNUAL	YEARLY	her yıl yapılan, yıllık	
APPARENTLY	SEEMINGLY	görünüşte	
APPLAUSE	CLAPPING	alkış	
APPREHENSIVE	WORRIED FAERFUL CONCERNED	endişeli, korkulu, korkutucu	
APPROXIMATELY	ROUGHLY	yaklaşık, kabaca	
ARISE	CLAIM	iddia etmek	
ARISE	EMERGE	ortaya çıkmak	
ARTISAN	CRAFTSMAN	zanaatkar, usta	

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ELEGANCE SET 12		VOCABULARY BOOK	
TEST-1			
Although early humans and their ancestors understood many natural laws and developed skills for making (1) — tools, no one person could be described as the first scientist. Nonetheless Egyptians, Sumerians, Chinese, Maya, and others worked out mathematical rules, (2) — theories, built great structures, created new materials, and learned how to read the stars and planets — but their successes were (3) — a collector of skills, rather than a science. Science as an organized body of thought is usually (4) — with the Ionian school of Greek philosophers (about 600 BCE) or later, perhaps as late as the Scientific Revolution of the 17th century. The Ionian philosophers made a serious effort to develop a (5) — basis for the universe, although few of those early thinkers could be called scientists or mathematicians in the modern sense of the word.			
1.	A) awkward B) profitable C) fortunate D) useful E) secure	2.	A) cured B) mended C) saved D) ordered E) reformed
3.	A) largely B) lavishly C) freely D) deliberately E) immediately	4.	A) analysed B) determined C) removed D) overlooked E) identified
5.	A) vague B) rational C) deliberate D) intelligent E) legitimate		

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ELEGANCE SET 12

SKILLS BOOK

Skills Book, tüm beceri konularına ait soru tarzlarını içermekte olup, her bir bölümde tek bir beceri konusunu ele almaktadır. Bu eser, parçalı öğrenmeye imkan sağlayarak öğrencilere farklı beceri alanlarında pratik yapma fırsatı sunar.



12 SKILLS BOOK TEST-1 ANLAŞMA YAKIN ÇÜMLETİLEBİLİR UNIT-4

1. **Bella:**
- Police sirens went off all night yesterday. Do you know what happened?
Liz:
—
Bella:
- Are you serious? This is so scary.
- Yes, and the scariest thing is that they still haven't found the killer.

A) I heard a murder was committed in our neighborhood.
B) From what I've heard, it's nothing serious.
C) In the local vicinity, I believe there was a robbery. They partied all night at our next-door neighbor's house, so we phoned the cops.
D) One of the drunks ran away after throwing stones at one of the houses.

2. **Mia:**
- Under the eyes are still purple. I think your sleep problem has not gone away.
Olivia:
- Actually, I can sleep more now, but it still hasn't completely gone.
Mia:
—
Olivia:
- I already went to the doctor before, but the drugs he gave didn't work.

A) My mother's friend had a similar problem. I can consult her if you want.
B) Do you regularly take the medicines given by the doctor?
C) Maybe you should consult a psychiatrist instead of a regular doctor.
D) I think it's time for you to see a doctor.
E) I think there may be another reason behind this sleep disorder.

3. **Mother:**
- It's very cold outside. I think it's going to rain.
Daughter:
- Really? Actually, it says it's going to be sunny according to the weather forecast.
Mother:
—
Daughter:
- I don't think I'm going out, but thanks for the advice, mom.

A) I actually wanted to go shopping with you, but I guess the rain won't stop.
B) Do you want to invite your friends to our home? It's not a good idea to meet outside.
C) Don't rely on the weather forecast and take an umbrella with you, just in case.
D) Do you want to host a party for your friends? Meeting outside is not a smart idea.
E) As long as the sun is shining, I believe you may make arrangements with your mates.

4. **Emily:**
- Come on! Tell us about your vacation. I'm very curious about Portugal.
Ava:
—
Emily:
- I heard that the cultures of the two countries are close to one another.
Ava:
- Certainly, their cultures are close to each other, and they speak almost the same language.

A) I watched so many documentaries, but I don't know that there was such a place.
B) Actually, we did not spend much time in Portugal. We were in Spain in general.
C) I believe you are lying to us when you say you were on vacation.
D) Sounds fantastic. I'm planning a trip to Portugal next month.
E) Surfing is great fun on the Portuguese coast, just like in America.

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UNIT-5 DİYALOG TEST-1 SKILLS BOOK 12

1. **After nearly one year of passing in a vegetative state, she finally woke up.**

A) Even if she slept for a year, she couldn't recover from her illness.
B) She barely came to herself when doctors tried to put her in a vegetative state.
C) She finally revived in the wake of roughly one year that passed in a vegetative state.
D) She came to life when she was taken from the vegetative state a year ago.
E) After almost one year in a vegetative state, she barely held onto life.

2. **It is by far the most thrilling film I have ever watched.**

A) It is not often that everyone can have the opportunity to watch such an excellent film.
B) Even though I have watched it before, I can watch it one again as it is the most thrilling film.
C) What a terrible film it was! I have never experienced it before.
D) It has been ages since I watched such an exciting film.
E) This movie is unquestionably the most entertaining film I've ever viewed.

3. **Everyone in the classroom passed the test, apart from Mike and me.**

A) There were many people who passed the exam. However, some of them could not pass it, including Mike and me.
B) Most of the students in the classroom passed the test, which we failed.
C) Only Mike and I passed the exam, while the whole class failed it.
D) The majority of the class passed the test except for a few, including Mike and me.
E) Other than Mike and me, every member of the class managed to pass the exam.

4. **If we had waited for Jane to arrive, we wouldn't have been able to catch the bus.**

A) Had we waited for Jane to arrive, we would have missed the bus.
B) I wish we didn't have to wait for Jane all the time as she's very slow moving.
C) We had better not wait for Jane owing to the fact that the bus will come soon.
D) Jane was too late for the bus; that's why we did not wait for her.
E) It was on account of Jane that we could not catch the bus.

5. **You should have voted in the election, as one vote could have even changed the result.**

A) It is a pity you did not vote in the election. Only one vote even matters.
B) Your participation in the election was crucial as a single vote had the potential to alter the outcome.
C) As you did not vote in the election, the one who shouldn't have won the election won.
D) Be sure to vote in the next election, as you did not vote in the previous ones. So, your vote will turn the tables.
E) I wish you hadn't voted in the election so that the others would not have won the election.

6. **It is not obvious why his boss committed suicide at night while nobody was at home.**

A) His boss' suicide occurred at night when no one was home.
B) It is not known who killed the boss in the night-time.
C) His boss, who killed himself at night, was thought to be alone while doing this.
D) It is quite obvious why his boss killed himself in the evening when nobody was at home.
E) The reason why his boss killed himself at night, when no one was at home, is now clear.

WIN WIN DIGITAL 71



ELEGANCE SET 12 MİNİ DENEMELER



"Setimizde 15 Adet Mini Deneme Sınavları Bulunmaktadır. Öğrencilerimizin Öğrenme Seviyesini Değerlendirmek İçin Hazırladığımız Sınavlarımız 40 Sorudan Oluşmaktadır."

MİNİ DENEME 1

1. 9. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Statistics concerning the — of wages and salaries show that the incomes of females are distinctly lower than those of males.
- A) involvement
B) payment
C) recurrence
D) inclination
E) rejection

2. In determining — points of law, judges will generally decide in accordance with the pattern of previously decided cases.
- A) temporary
B) unfortunate
C) uncertain
D) vulnerable
E) inaccessible

3. To understand a country and its culture —, you have to be part of it.
- A) continuously
B) obviously
C) gravely
D) reluctantly
E) truly

4. Labour unions — with employers over the wages, working hours and working conditions of their members.

- A) compete
B) propose
C) restrict
D) estimate
E) negotiate

5. Around 1665, Newton became interested in light, and in optics, the branch of science —.
- A) making for
B) dealing with
C) coping with
D) running over
E) taking after

6. A bar code is a pattern of bars and spaces that can be read by a scanning device — a computer, which determines the code — the widths of the bars and spaces.
- A) over / into
B) through / at
C) off / from
D) on / by
E) for / across

80

MİNİ DENEME 1

7. Latin American and Caribbean nations — regional integration as a tool to enhance democracy and — economic growth in the region.

- A) were embracing / have encouraged
B) embraced / will have encouraged
C) had embraced / will encourage
D) have been embracing / had encouraged
E) have embraced / encourage

8. Most of the world's trade today is in manufactured goods and services — agricultural goods and natural resources.

- A) rather than
B) such as
C) just as
D) except for
E) as much as

9. Basel handles more foreign trade than — town in Switzerland on account of its position on the Rhine River.

- A) some other
B) any other
C) the other
D) other
E) one another

10. 14. sorularda, eşleştirilmi parantez numaralarını yerine uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

In the Chinese culture, family structure has been rooted in the philosophy of Confucius. (10) — dictated family roles that were inflexible by Western standards. Until recently, the Chinese family (11) — by a strict division between parents. The father was viewed as the major economic provider, and his major role was as disciplinarian. Children were expected to (12) — his authority and to obey him without question. In this role, the father tended to avoid displays of affection. (13) —, the mother was to be the caregiver and provide children (14) — affection and emotional support.

10. A) which
B) in which
C) whose
D) what
E) whom

11. A) should be described
B) will be described
C) is described
D) was described
E) may have been described

12. A) allow
B) respect
C) comply
D) convert
E) connect

13. A) Otherwise
B) Similarly
C) In contrast
D) Furthermore
E) In addition

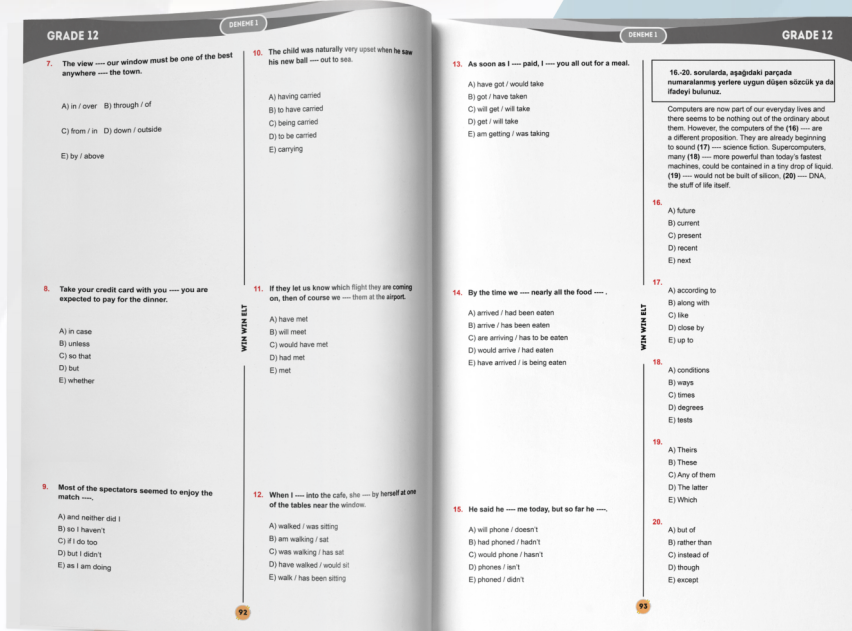
14. A) with
B) for
C) in
D) of
E) by

81



ELEGANCE SET 12 GENEL DENEMELER

"Setimizde 15 Adet Genel Deneme Bulunmaktadır. Bu denemeler, ÖSYM sınav sistemi ile tam uyumlu olup, gerçek sınav zorluğunda hazırlanmıştır. Öğrencilerin seviyelerini ölçmek için rahatlıkla kullanabilirsiniz."

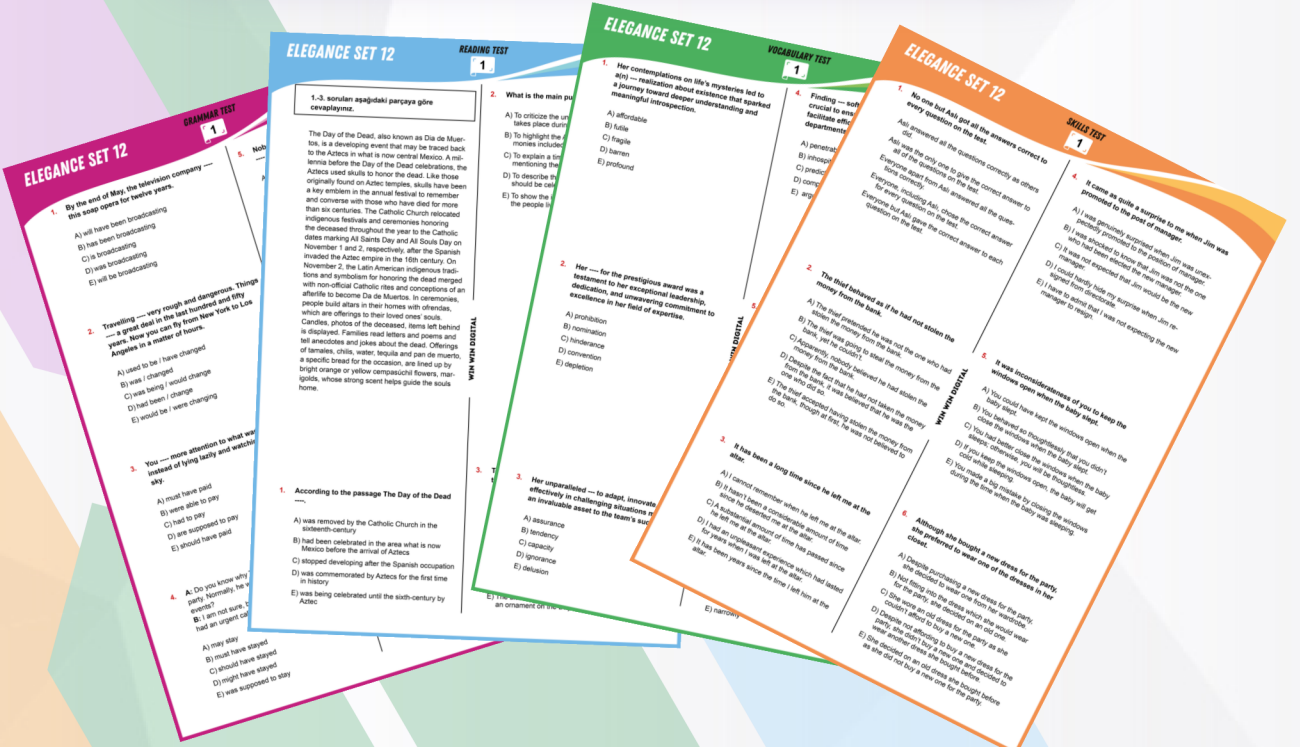




ELEGANCE SET 12

YAPRAK TESTLER

"Setimizin içerisinde, işlenen konularla bağlantılı olarak 4 Çeşit Yaprak Testimiz bulunmaktadır: Grammar, Reading, Skills ve Vocabulary. Bu testler, öğrencilerimizin eksiksiz pratik yapmalarını sağlamak amacıyla hazırlanmıştır."





11

ELEGANCE SET

ELEGANCE SET 11 İindekiler:

- GRAMMAR Book
- GRAMMAR Test Book
- READING Book
- VOCABULARY Book
- SKILLS Book
- Mini Denemeler
- Genel Denemeler
- Yaprak Testler



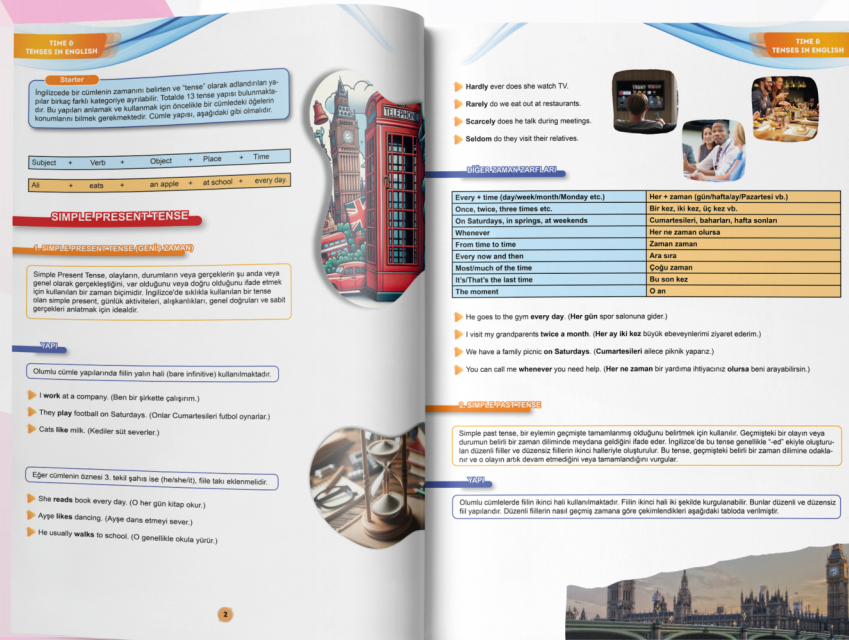


ELEGANCE SET 11 GRAMMAR BOOK



"Elegance Set Grammar Book:
Tüm Gramer Konularını İzleyin
ve Pratik Yapın"

Elegance Set Grammar Book, tüm gramatik konuları kapsayan ve detaylı örneklerle zenginleştirilmiş bir kaynaktır. Bu kitapta, her bir konu ayrıntılı olarak ele alınmakta ve bol miktarda örnek ile desteklenmektedir. Öğrenciler, gramatik yapıları öğrenirken hem konuları izleyebilir hem de pratik yapma imkanı bulurlar.

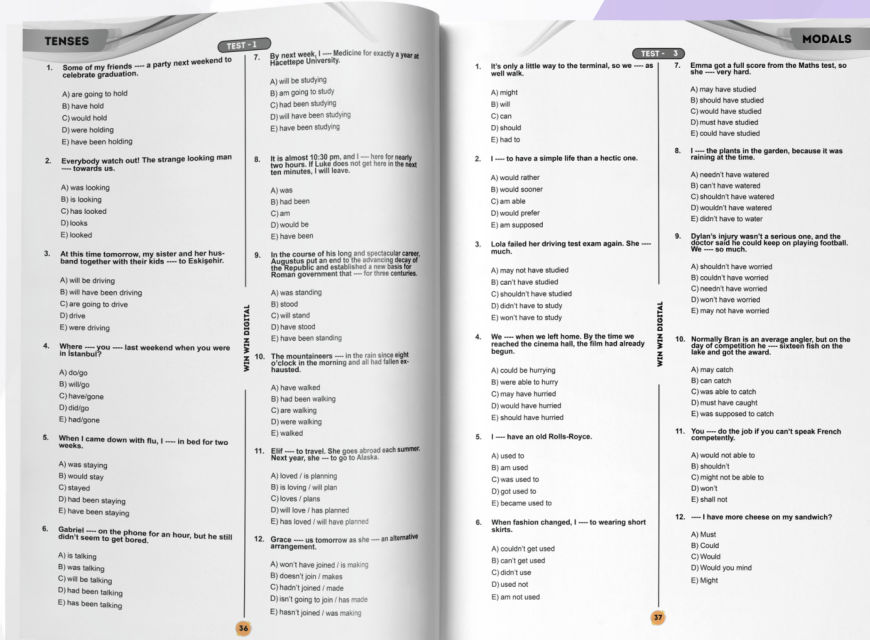




ELEGANCE SET 11 GRAMMAR TEST BOOK

"Grammar Test Book: Tüm Konularla İlgili Test Sorularıyla Dolu"

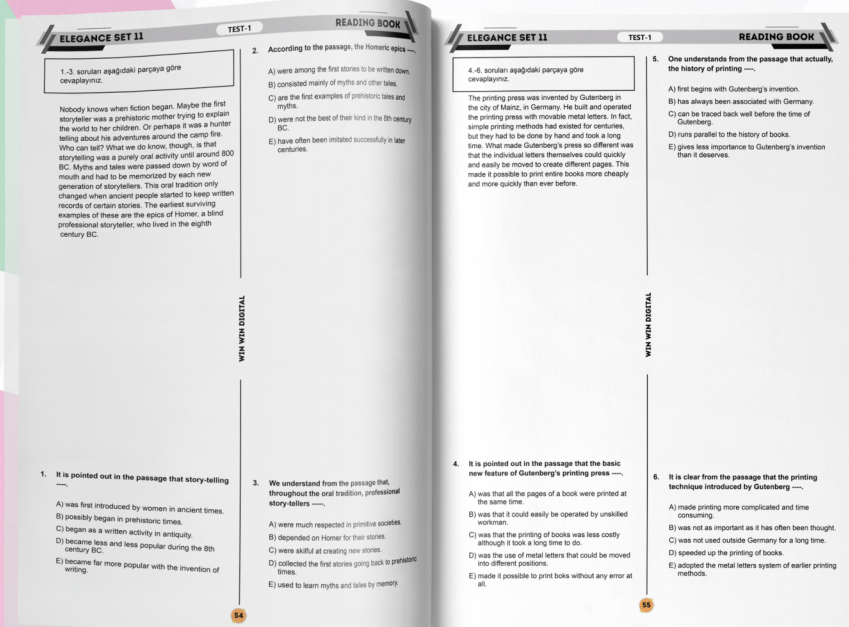
Grammar Test Book, tüm dilbilgisi konularını kapsayan zengin bir içeriğe sahip olup, özgün içerikleri ve çeşitli soru tipleriyle dikkat çeker. Bu kitap, öğrencilere geniş bir test sorusu yelpazesi sunarak konuları pekiştirme imkanı sağlar.



ELEGANCE SET 11 READING BOOK



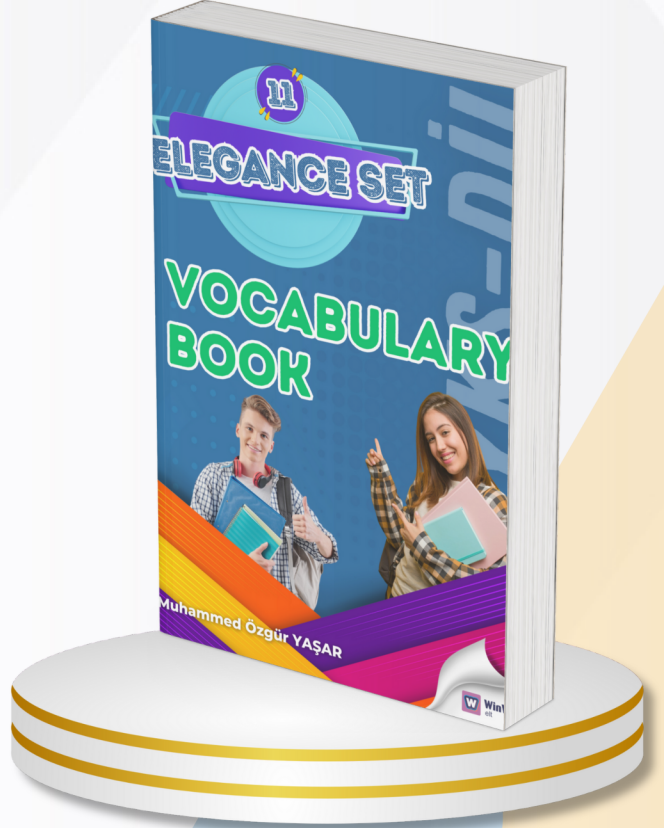
Reading Book, öğrencilerin okuma becerilerini geliştirmek amacıyla 50 adet okuma parçası ve 50 adet cloze test sorusu ile zenginleştirilmiş bir içeriğe sahiptir. Ayrıca, kitap içerisinde çok sayıda okuma sorusu bulunmaktadır. Bu zengin içerik, öğrencilere okuma yeteneklerini güçlendirme ve geliştirme fırsatı sunar.





ELEGANCE SET 11 VOCABULARY BOOK

Vocabulary Book, kelime öğrenimi için tasarlanmış ve bu kelimelerin akılda kalıcı olması için tablolar ve sorular üzerinde pratik imkanı sunan bir kaynaktır. Ağırlık olarak çıkmış kelimeler ve çıkma ihtimali yüksek olan kelimeler üzerinde durulmuştur.

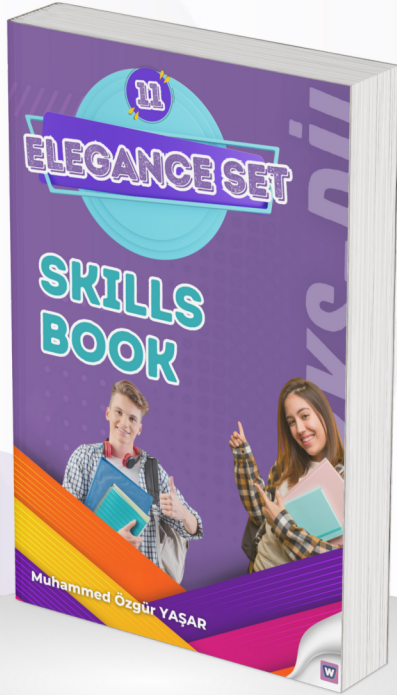


ELEGANCE SET 11		VOCABULARY BOOK			
WORD	SYNONYMS	THUÇ	MEANING		
BRIGAND	OUTLAW	BANIT	THUÇ	haydut	
BRILLIANT	TERRIFIC	EXCELLENT	GORGEOUS	mükemmel	
BROOK	RIVULET			derin çay	
BRUSH UP	DUST OFF			pratik yapmak	
BURP	BELCH			gırtlak	
BURRY	EMBEDE			saklılamak	
CALM DOWN	COOL DOWN			sakinleşmek	
CANDID	CUTE	SINCERE	CORDIAL	FRANK	samimi, içten
CANDOUR	FRANKNESS			açık sözlülük	
CAPITULATE	SUBMIT	YIELD		diplomasi yapmak	
CAPRICE	WHIM			kapris, gıcık, lakık	
CAPSIZE	FLIP OVER	KEEL OVER		devrilmek	
CAREFUL	CIRCUMSPECT	CAUTIOUS		tedbirlilik	
CARRY OUT	IMPLEMENT	CONDUCT		idare etmek, yürütmek	
CATASTROPHE	DISASTER	CALAMITY	CATAclysm	felaket	
CAVE	DEN	ALTER	MODIFY	SHIFT	değiştirmek
CHANGE	VARY			değiştirmek	
CHAOS	PANDEMONIUM			karışıklık	
CHARLATAN	MOUNTBANK			şarlatan, dolandırıcı	
CHEAT	DEFRAUD			hile yapmak, aldatmak	
CHEERFUL	BULIWE			sevindi	
CLAIM	CONTENTION	ALLEGATION	ASSERTION	ARGUMENT	iddia
CLERGYMAN	MINISTER	REVEREND	PREST	MONK	rahip
CLOWN	BUFFON			polyaço	
COARSE	BOORISH	ABRUPT	BRUSQUE		kaba, hoyrat
CONCIDENTAL	FORTUITOUS			tesadüf	
COLLISION	DISCORD			filan ayrılık, çatışma	
COMMENT ON	INTERPRET			yorum yapmak	
COMMON(1)	WIDESPREAD	PREVALENT			yaygın
COMMON(2)	CUSTOMARY	FAMILIAR	ORDINARY		alışık, sıradan
COMMONPLACE	ORDINARY	MEDIOCRE			sıradan, sıradan
COMPANION	COMRADE				yoldaş, tahab
COMPENSATE FOR	MAKE UP FOR				telafi etmek, tazminat
COMPENSATIVELY	RELATIVELY				nispeten
COMPETENCE	CAPABILITY				yeternek, yeterlilik
COMPLICATED	CONFUSING	INTRICATE			kafa karıştırıcı, karmaşık
COMPREHEND	GRASP				kavramak
COMPREHENSIVE	THOROUGH	EXHAUSTIVE	EXTENSIVE		ayrıntılı, kapsamlı
COMPULSORY	OBLIGATORY	MANDATORY			zorunlu
COMPULSORY	MANDATORY	OBLIGATORY			zorunlu

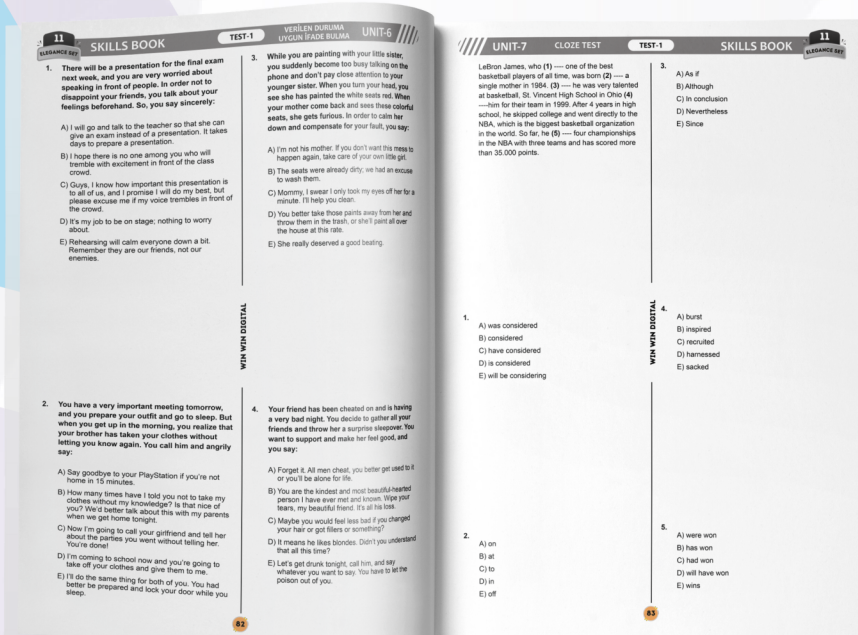
ELEGANCE SET 11		TEST-1		VOCABULARY BOOK	
<p>Science that presents an organized view of the universe developed with the (1) — of Greek civilization, starting about 600 BCE. The Greeks developed institutions, such as the Academy, the Lyceum, and the Museum, that (2) — science in somewhat the way the universities do today. When the Academy and Lyceum were closed in 529 CE, and the Museum was (3) — about the same time, the Greek era in science was over, although Greek writings continued to have great (4) — for another thousand years or more. This period, from the birth of Western civilization in Europe to the start of what is often called the Dark Ages, can be termed "Antiquity" — for example, to say that the metal tin was "known in Antiquity" (5) — that it was known at this time.</p>					
1.	A) promotion B) upgrade C) extension D) rise E) boost	2.	A) attempted B) pursued C) shared D) abandoned E) complimented	3.	A) endured B) destroyed C) proceeded D) quit E) prescribed
4.	A) influence B) pressure C) supervision D) domination E) guidance	5.	A) reveals B) declares C) expresses D) implies E) defines		



ELEGANCE SET 11 SKILLS BOOK



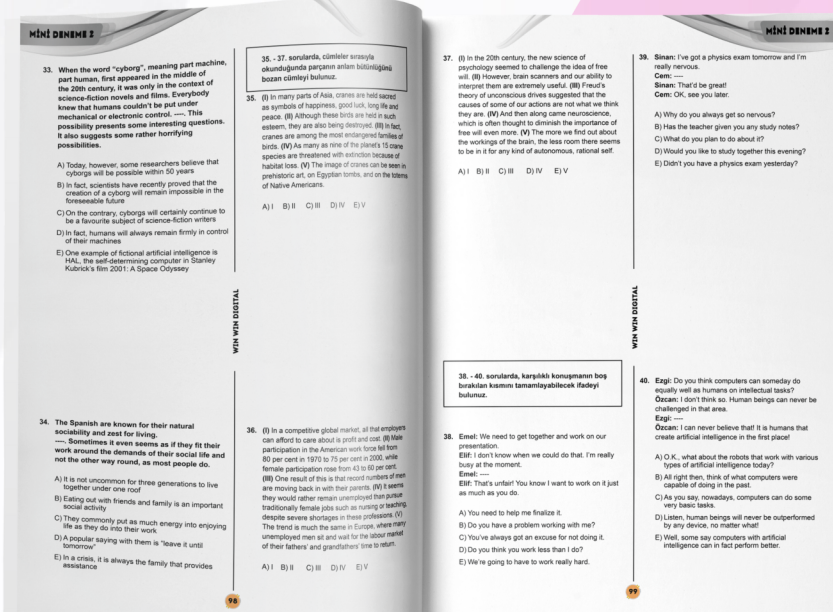
Skills Book, tüm beceri konularına ait soru tarzlarını içermekte olup, her bir bölümde tek bir beceri konusunu ele almaktadır. Bu eser, parçalı öğrenmeye imkan sağlayarak öğrencilere farklı beceri alanlarında pratik yapma fırsatı sunar.





ELEGANCE SET 11 MINİ DENEMELER

"Setimizde 15 Adet Mini Deneme Sınavları Bulunmaktadır. Öğrencilerimizin Öğrenme Seviyesini Değerlendirmek İçin Hazırladığımız Sınavlarımız 40 Sorudan Oluşmaktadır."



MINİ DENEME 2

33. When the word "cyborg", meaning part machine, part human, first appeared in the middle of the 20th century, it was only in the context of science-fiction novels and films. Everybody knew that humans couldn't be put under mechanical or electronic control. — This possibility presents some interesting questions. It also suggests some rather horrifying possibilities.

- A) Today, however, some researchers believe that cyborgs will be possible within 50 years.
B) In fact, scientists have recently proved that the creation of a cyborg will remain impossible in the foreseeable future.
C) On the contrary, cyborgs will certainly continue to be a favourite subject of science-fiction writers.
D) In fact, humans will always remain firmly in control of their machines.
E) One example of fictional artificial intelligence is HAL, the self-determining computer in Stanley Kubrick's film 2001: A Space Odyssey.

WIN WIN DIGITAL

34. The Spanish are known for their natural sociability and zest for living. — Sometimes it even seems as if they fit their work around the demands of their social life and not the other way round, as most people do.

- A) It is not uncommon for three generations to live together under one roof.
B) Eating out with friends and family is an important social activity.
C) They commonly put as much energy into enjoying life as they do into their work.
D) A popular saying with them is "leave it until tomorrow."
E) In a crisis, it is always the family that provides assistance.

18

35. 37. sorularında, cümleler arasında okunduklarında parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

35. (I) In many parts of Asia, cranes are held sacred as symbols of happiness, good luck, long life and peace. (II) Although these birds are held in such esteem, they are also being destroyed. (III) In fact, cranes are among the most endangered families of birds. (IV) As many as nine of the island's 15 crane species are threatened with extinction because of habitat loss. (V) The image of cranes can be seen in prehistoric art, on Egyptian tombs, and on the kimonos of Native Americans.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

WIN WIN DIGITAL

36. (I) In a competitive global market, all that employers can afford to care about is profit and cost. (II) Male participation in the American work force fell from 80 per cent in 1970 to 75 per cent in 2000, while female participation rose from 43 to 69 per cent. (III) One result of this is that recent numbers of men are moving back in with their parents. (IV) It seems they would rather remain unemployed than pursue traditionally female jobs such as nursing or teaching despite severe shortages in these professions. (V) The trend is much the same in Europe, where many unemployed men sit at and wait for the labour needs of their fathers and grandfathers' time to return.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

19

MINİ DENEME 2

37. (I) In the 20th century, the new science of psychology seemed to challenge the idea of free will. (II) However, brain scanners and our ability to interpret them are extremely useful. (III) Freud's theory of unconscious drives suggested that the causes of some of our actions are not what we think they are. (IV) And then along came neuroscience, which is often thought to diminish the importance of free will even more. (V) The more we find out about the workings of the brain, the less room there seems to be in it for any kind of autonomous, rational self.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

WIN WIN DIGITAL

38. - 40. sorularında, kurgusal konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

38. Email: We need to get together and work on our presentation.
Eli: I don't know when we could do that. I'm really busy at the moment.
Email: —
Eli: That's unfair! You know I want to work on it just as much as you do.
A) You need to help me finalize it.
B) Do you have a problem working with me?
C) You've always got an excuse for not doing it.
D) Do you think you work less than I do?
E) We're going to have to work really hard.

39. Sinan: I've got a physics exam tomorrow and I'm really nervous.
Can: —
Sinan: That'd be great!
Can: OK, see you later.

- A) Why do you always get so nervous?
B) Has the teacher given you any study notes?
C) What do you plan to do about it?
D) Would you like to study together this evening?
E) Didn't you have a physics exam yesterday?

40. Egil: Can never believe that! It is humans that create artificial intelligence in the first place!
Özcan: I can never believe that! It is humans that create artificial intelligence today?

- A) O.K., what about the robots that work with various types of artificial intelligence today?
B) All right then, think of what computers were capable of doing in the past.
C) As you say, nowadays, computers can do some very basic tasks.
D) Listen, human beings will never be outperformed by any device, no matter what!
E) Well, some say computers with artificial intelligence can in fact perform better.

19

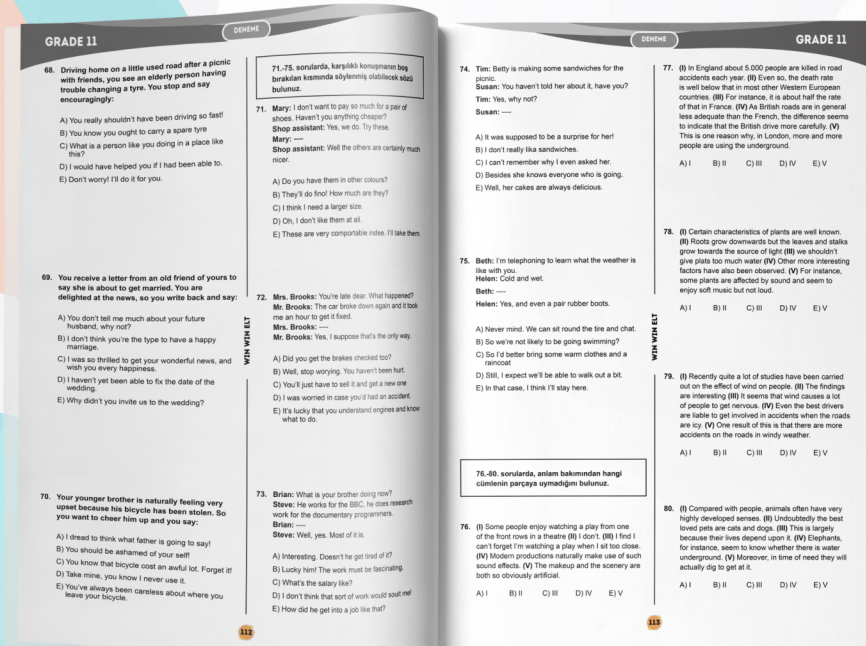


ELEGANCE SET 11

GENEL DENEMELER



"Setimizde 15 Adet Genel Deneme Bulunmaktadır. Bu denemeler, ÖSYM sınav sistemi ile tam uyumlu olup, gerçek sınav zorluğunda hazırlanmıştır. Öğrencilerin seviyelerini ölçmek için rahatlıkla kullanabilirsiniz."

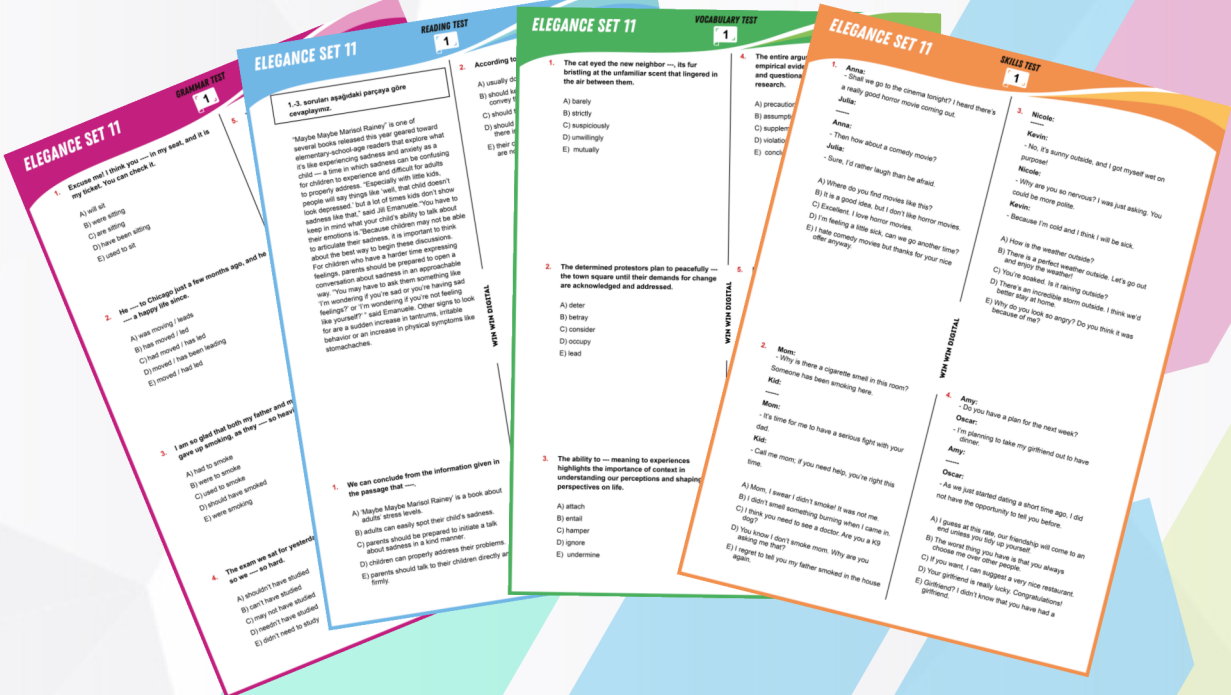




ELEGANCE SET 11

YAPRAK TESTLER

"Setimizin içerisinde, İşlenen Konularla Bağlantılı Olarak 4 Çeşit Yaprak Testimiz Bulunmaktadır: Grammar, Reading, Skills ve Vocabulary. Bu testler, öğrencilerimizin eksiksiz pratik yapmalarını sağlamak amacıyla hazırlanmıştır."





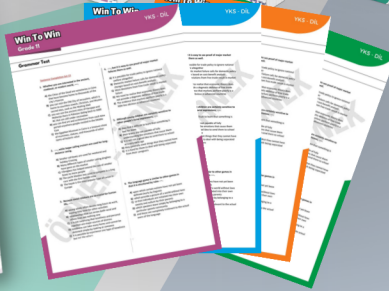
Win To Win 12 GRADE SET

Win To Win GRADE 12 SET İindekiler:

- GRAMMAR Book
- GRAMMAR Test Book
- READING Test Book
- VOCABULARY Test Book
- VOCABULARY Plus
- SKILLS Test Book
- Practice Test (15 Adet 80'lik Deneme Seti)
- 200 Adet Yaprak Test
- Son eyrek 5'li Deneme Seti

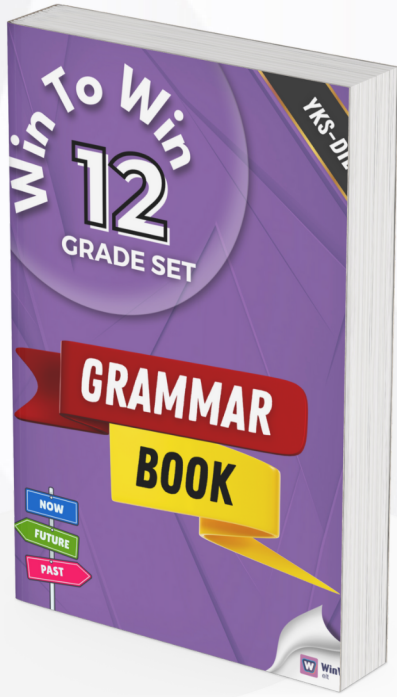
Win To Win Grade 12 setimiz Dil blm 12. Sınıf ve mezun ğrencilerimizin sınava eksiksiz bir şekilde hazırlanması iin yaratılmış zel bir settir. ğrencilerimiz ve ğretmenlerimiz sınav hazırlık srecinde ihtiyaı olan tm konu ve soruları eksiksiz bu sette bulabilirsiniz.

YKS-DİL

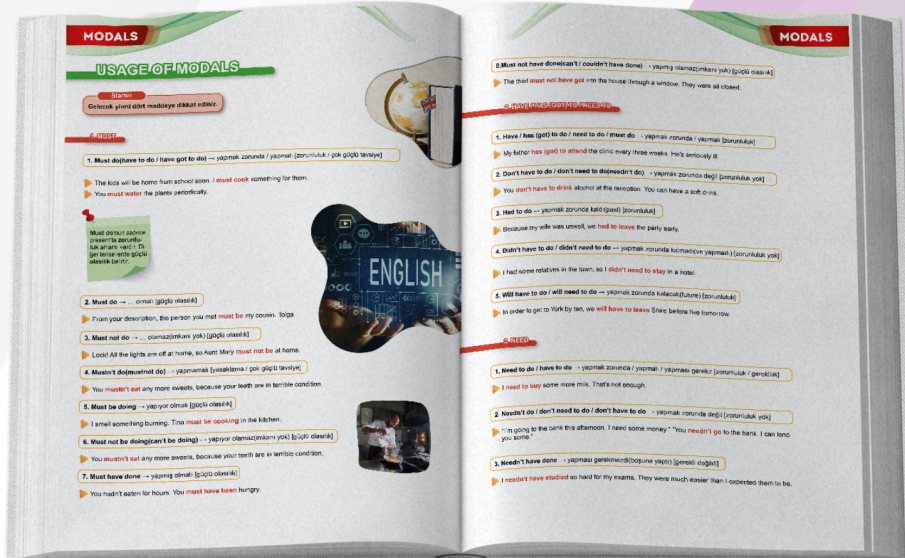




Win to Win Grade 12 Set GRAMMAR BOOK



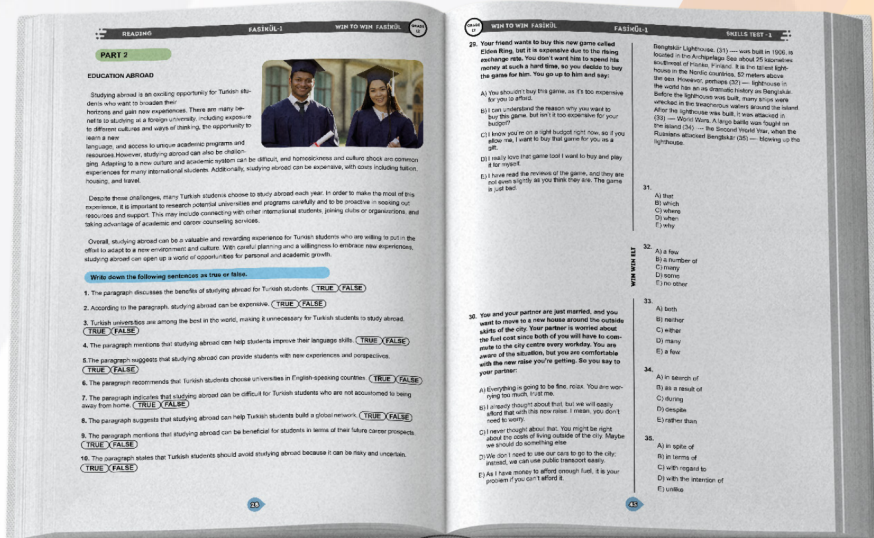
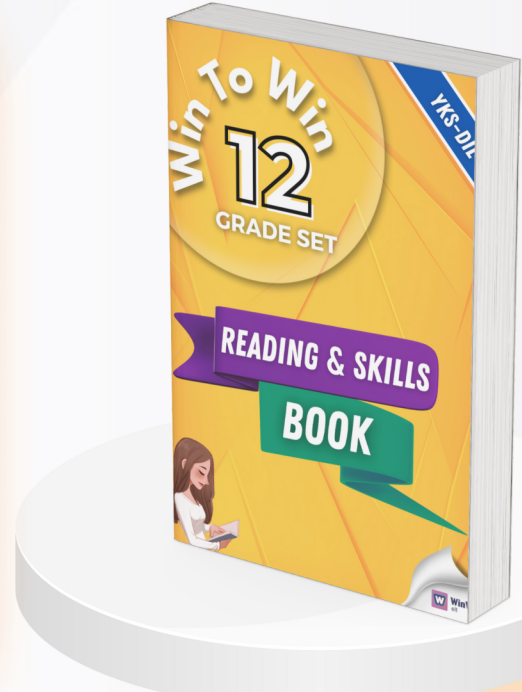
Kitabımızda, dil sınavlarında çıkabilecek veya çıkma ihtimali olan tüm konular ayrıntılı bir şekilde ele alınmıştır. Öğrencilerimiz, öğrendikleri konuları pekiştirebilecekleri pratik yapma imkanına sahip test ve egzersiz sorularıyla karşılaşacaklar.





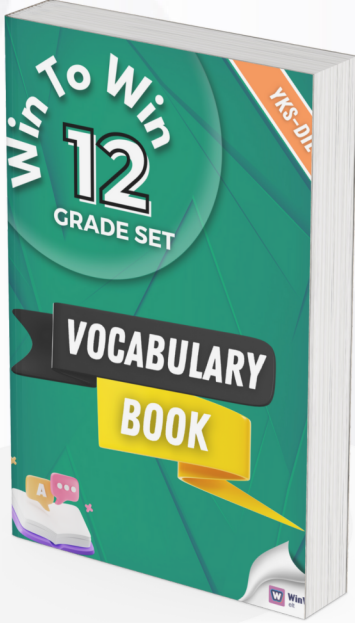
Win to Win Grade 12 Set READING & SKILLS BOOK

Kitabımızda, okuma becerilerini ve skills sorularını eğlenceli bir şekilde sunarak ÖSYM sınav sistemine uygun bir formatta veriyoruz. Öğrencilerimiz, aynı kitap içinde reading ve skills soru tarzlarını detaylı bir şekilde öğrenip, akılda kalıcı bir biçimde pratik yapabilecekler

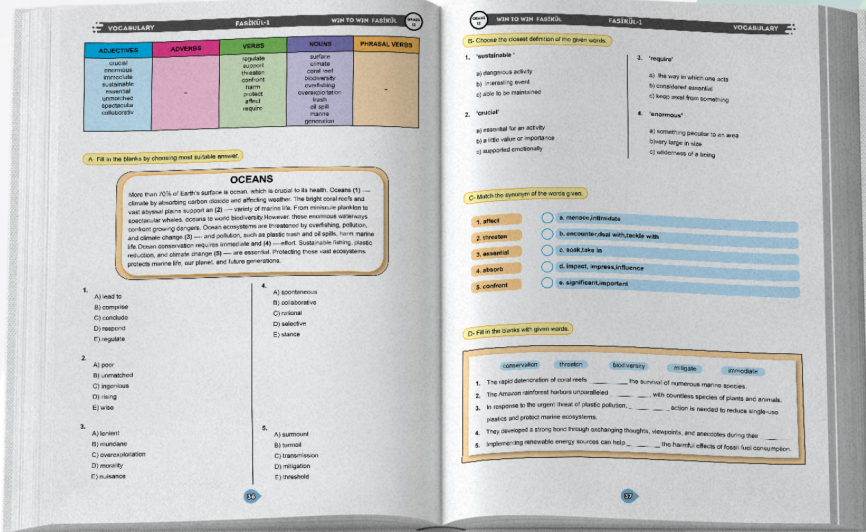




Win to Win Grade 12 Set VOCABULARY BOOK

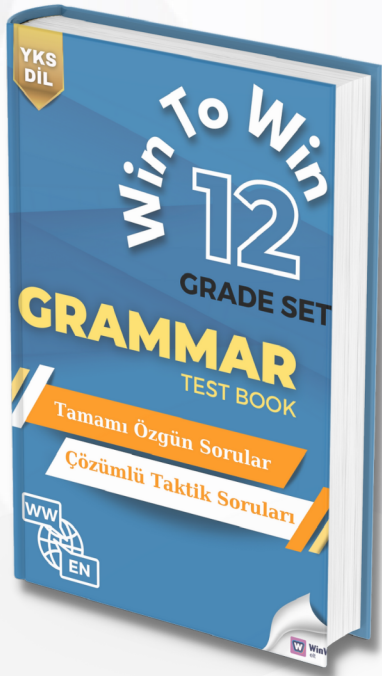


Kitabımızda, ÖSYM sınavlarında en sık karşılaşılan veya çıkma olasılığı yüksek kelimelerden oluşan çalışmalar ve test soruları bulunmaktadır. Dil sınavına hazırlanan öğrencilerimize, akılda kalıcı taktiklerle kelime öğrenme fırsatı sunuyoruz.

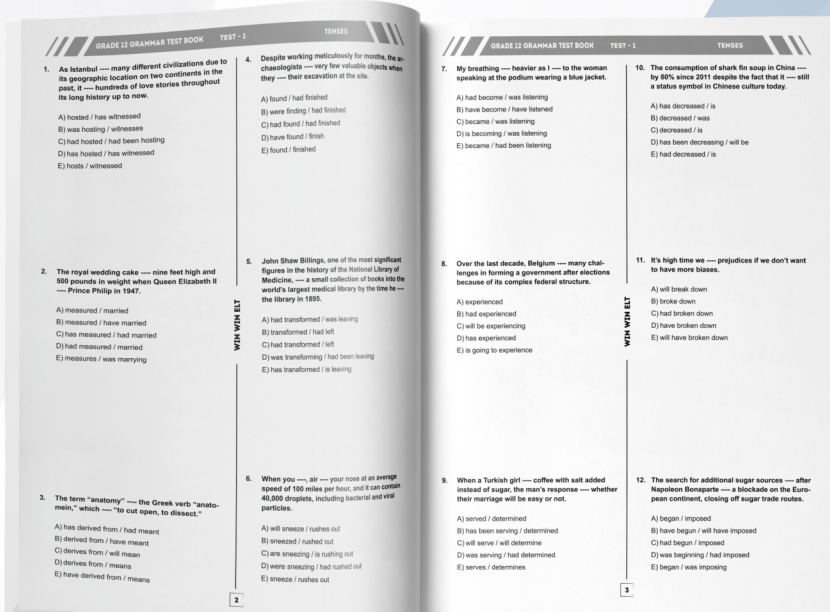




Win to Win Grade 12 Set GRAMMAR TEST BOOK



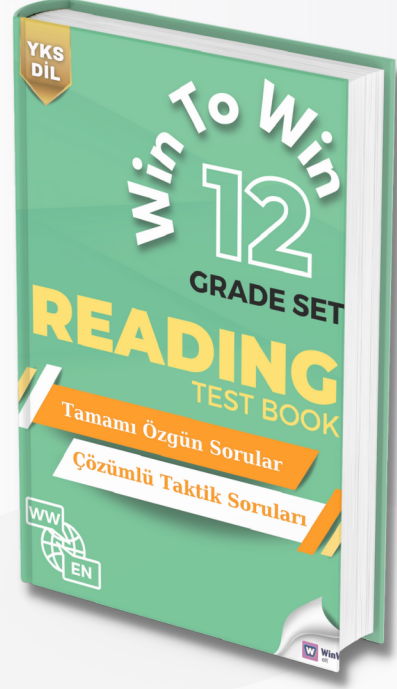
Grammar Test Book Kitabımızda, gramerde sıralı şekilde öğretilen tüm konularla ilgili test soruları bulunmaktadır. Konular işlendikten sonra öğrencilerimiz, bu test sorularını çözerek öğrendikleri konuları pekiştirme fırsatı bulurlar.





Win to Win Grade 12 Set READING TEST BOOK

Reading Test Book
Kitabımızda, öğrencilere paragraf ve okuma sorularını ayrıntılı bir şekilde çözme imkanı sunulmaktadır. Her testte, okuma ve paragraf soru tarzlarına yer verilir; bu sayede öğrenciler, sınavda çıkabilecek tüm soru tarzlarını yıl boyunca aktif bir şekilde çözme imkanı bulurlar.



GRADE 12 TEST-1 READING TEST BOOK

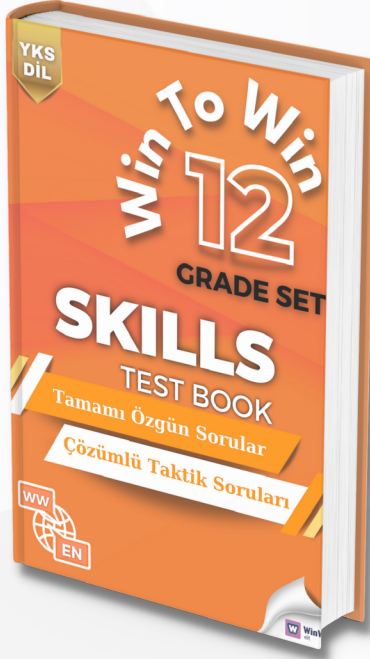
- 13-18. Sorularda, cümleler arasındakı parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozacak cümleyi bulunuz.
13. (I) James Cameron's cinematic masterpiece, *Titanic*, is a romantic tragedy that launched actors Leonardo DiCaprio and Kate Winslet to meteoric stardom and still tops at millions of hearings. (II) *Titanic* is partially based on a true story. (III) James Cameron based the film on the real-life British ship RMS *Titanic* that collided with an iceberg and sank to the bottom of the North Atlantic Ocean during its maiden voyage in 1912. (IV) More than a thousand passengers died, making the incident the deadliest peacetime sinking of a cruise ship to date. (V) The catastrophic sinking of the enormous ship has been an inspiration for many artists, from novels and poet Thomas Hardy to singer Ken Merriwell.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
14. (I) The dominant literary movement in England during the late seventeenth century and the eighteenth century can be divided into three distinct stages: the Restoration Period, the Augustan Period, and the Age of Johnson. (II) Neoclassicism was characterized by emotional restraint, order, logic, technical precision, balance, elegance of diction, an emphasis of form over content, clarity, dignity, and decorum. (III) Its appeals were to the intellect rather than to the emotions, and it prized wit over imagination. (IV) As a result, satire and didactic literature flourished. (V) In poetry, the heroic couplet was the most popular verse form.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
15. (I) Semantic change also semantic shift is a form of language change regarding the evolution of word usage and usually to the point that the modern meaning is radically different from the original word. (II) In diachronic (or historical) linguistics, semantic change is a change in one of the meanings of a connotation, which can be added, removed, or altered over time, often to the extent that cognates across space and time have very different meanings. (III) Originally, *awful* meant "inspiring wonder" or "full of awe"; in contemporary usage of the word usually has the negative meaning. (IV) The study of semantic change can be seen as part of etymology, onomatology, semantics, and semantics.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
16. (I) According to Luke Beglio and Ruggene Penner research, the most influential movie of all time is 1939's *The Wizard of Oz*. (II) The classic was found to have directly influenced more movies than any other film in history. (III) It notably affects *Back to the Future* and *White Christmas*. (IV) *The Wizard of Oz*, followed by *Star Wars* and *Psycho*, is identified as the most influential film of all time in a new study. (V) According to *The Guardian*, the other films that join *The Wizard of Oz* in the top five are *Star Wars*, *Psycho*, *King Kong* (1933), and 2001: *A Space Odyssey*. (VI) The mix of the top 25 is peppered with the usual suspects, including *Capitlan*, *Citizen Kane*, *Metropolis*, *Dr. Strangelove*, and *The Godfather*.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
17. (I) "It is a universal truth that a single man in possession of a good fortune must be in want of a wife." (II) These are the most famous lines of *Pride and Prejudice* by Jane Austen. (III) The novel follows the turbulent relationship between Elizabeth Bennet, the daughter of a country gentleman, and Fitzwilliam Darcy, a rich aristocratic landowner. (IV) They meet over the titular site of pride and prejudice. (V) *Pride and Prejudice* is Austen's second novel. *Pride and Prejudice* was published in 1813.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V
18. (I) Flashback and Foreshadowing are literary devices that relate to time. (II) Flashback reminds the chronological order of the plot to recede an event in the past. (III) Foreshadowing gives clues and hints as to the fate of the characters. (IV) The main difference between flashback and foreshadowing is that flashback refers to the past whereas foreshadowing refers to the future. (V) History and suspense writers also use foreshadowing to strengthen the mystery in their story.
- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

GRADE 12 TEST-1 READING TEST BOOK

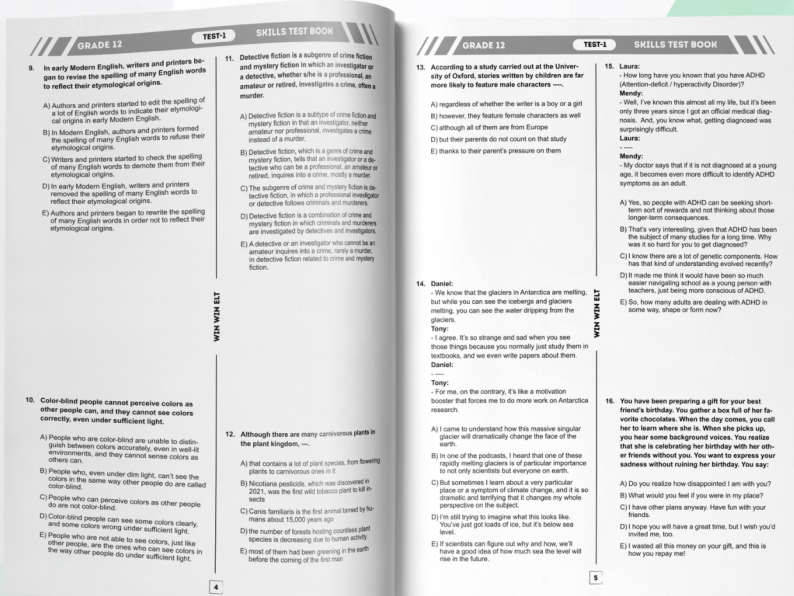
- 19-22. Sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.
19. The year was 1517 the man called Martin Luther King nailed his 95 Theses to the church's door — 4 years later Henry VIII received the Defender of the Faith title from Pope Leo X for his opposition to Martin Luther King. In 1529 Henry VIII dismissed Lord Chancellor Thomas Wolsey for failing to obtain the Pope's consent to his divorce. In 1533, Henry VIII married Anne Boleyn and was excommunicated by Pope Clement VII. Not much, but 1 year after Henry declared supreme head of the Church of England.
- A) then he got arrested by the pope's guards.
B) that's why Henry became king of England.
C) however, Pope Leo made Martin Luther King the Defender of the Faith.
D) after that, Protestant Reform began and it made a great impact on the Christians.
E) but nobody gave attention to them
20. There are more than 2,000 cactus species in the world. Many of them can accumulate large amounts of water. These plants can grow in deserts where there is nearly no precipitation. Some of them can grow to a height of 20 meters. They are covered in spikes which protect them from birds and animals. — For example, some of them are roundish whereas others are flat. Their flowers don't last long and sometimes only open for a single day. Some of them only flower at night, which can be called nocturnal.
- A) Their spikes act as a shield toward other animals.
B) They can be in various shapes and sizes.
C) Their sizes are not the same all the time.
D) The time of their blooming changes according to the type of the cactus.
E) It is a special kind of plants.
21. The North and South Magnetic Poles are different from the Poles we know today. They aren't literally opposite one another. — Since 1831, scientists have been recording the movement and over the last 180 years, this pole has moved 2,256 kilometers. Its path is more circular and sometimes it goes back and forth. Right now, the Magnetic Pole is not very far from the pole we know.
- A) While the South stays approximately in the same place, the North has some kind of a movement first discovered in 1831.
B) The South Pole is the only pole which has a movement in the magnetic poles.
C) Moreover, it is known that the South pole doesn't have any movement.
D) In 1831 scientists discovered that there was a movement in the magnetic poles.
E) This type of movement in the poles hadn't been known before 1831.
22. One day a botanist was examining yellow-eyed grass flowers in Guyana, South America when she noticed something different. — Moreover, the texture of the plant was also different from usual. After some investigation, she found out that it wasn't actually the plant, it was a fungus which invaded some part of the plant and then copied its flowers.
- A) This flower is named after its color, yellow.
B) This type of flowers only grows in South America.
C) Some yellow-eyed grasses are bright while others are pale.
D) Some of these plants were darker orange while their original color is bright yellow.
E) The plant loves moisture, so it usually grows in wet places.



Win to Win Grade 12 Set SKILLS TEST BOOK



Skills Test Book Kitabımızda, cloze test, cümle tamamlama, okuma parçaları, karşılıklı konuşma, anlamca en yakın cümle, verilen duruma uygun cümle seçme, parça tamamlama, çeviri ve anlamı bozan cümle gibi sınavda çıkan soru türlerinden pratik yapma imkanı sunulmaktadır.



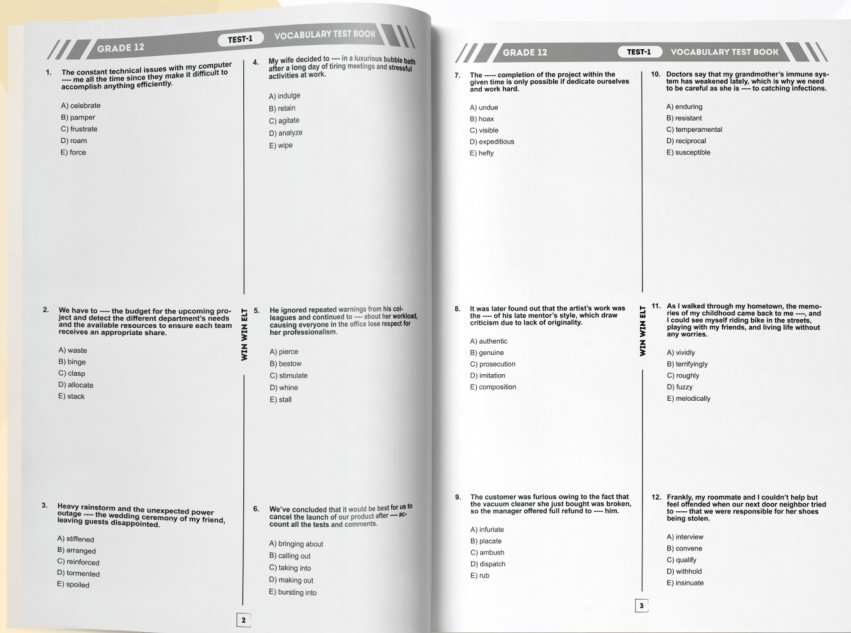
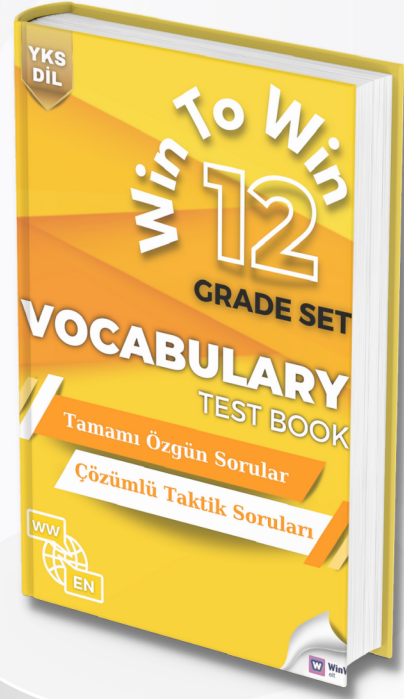


Win to Win Grade 12 Set VOCABULARY TEST BOOK

Vocabulary Test Book

Kitabımızda, sınavda en çok kullanılan kelime sorularına yer verilmektedir.

Kitabımızda, sınav sistemine uygun olarak isim, sıfat, zarf, fiil ve phrasal verb soruları bulunmaktadır.





Win To Win GRADE 12 PRACTICE TEST

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**GRADE 12
KONU BAZLI
5. DENEME**

1. — 10. sorularında, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcüğü veya ifadesi belirleyiniz.

1. As the gray-haired man tried to walk, his muscles weakened, and his movements became increasingly limited, which indicated a serious — in his health.

A) preservation
B) restoration
C) deterioration
D) integration
E) desperation

2. There is a tendency for people on both sides of politics to neglect developing their social — and personalities.

A) skills
B) conflicts
C) articles
D) functions
E) benefits

3. Percentages are used in a wide variety of situations, from — discounts and taxes to measuring changes in stock prices and economic indicators.

A) exceeding
B) ensuring
C) promoting
D) calculating
E) inhabiting

4. When a country struggles to — its economy and regain the respect of the international community, it frequently faces some major obstacles.

A) remove
B) reconcile
C) reveal
D) reflect
E) revive

5. In order to strengthen their economic relationships and establish trade agreements that would benefit both nations, the two governments engaged in — negotiations.

A) arbitrary
B) bilateral
C) empirical
D) impractical
E) reckless

6. The team has developed — project plans and may make some adjustments if they receive additional information or feedback.

A) intentional
B) invalid
C) secular
D) positive
E) flexible

Konu bazlı deneme setimizde toplamda 10 adet deneme bulunmaktadır. Denemelerimiz, işlenen grammar konularına uyumlu olarak hazırlanmıştır. Her bir denemede 10 adet kelime sorusu, 30 adet grammar sorusu ve normal 80 soruluk deneme düzeni bulunmaktadır. Setimizin amacı, işlenen konuların pratiğini yaparak YDT sınavı düzeninde öğrencilerin sınav performansını geliştirmektir.

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43. — has made the plains more susceptible to flooding during heavy rains.

A) Flooding due to heavy rains isn't restricted to any particular season
B) The primary and most precious natural asset within a specific region
C) The reckless and unplanned deforestation of mountainous regions
D) Experiencing a notable surge in the occurrence of natural catastrophes last year
E) With adequate preparing to mitigate the impact of these calamities

44. Even though the tribal leader is completely illiterate, —

A) the tribe's literacy rate is above 70%
B) it took longer for him to become completely literate
C) it can be rewarding to assist an adult in improving their literacy skills
D) he has trouble with pronunciation and lacks the vocabulary required to convey what he is thinking
E) he speaks clearly and can converse intelligently about practically any topic

45. No matter how vigorously Matthew worked on pitching the camping tent, —

A) his departure time for the following morning had to be early
B) in the end, he took his mother's advice and brought a sleeping mat
C) he might not have had a restful night's sleep due to the insects
D) he managed to secure it by kneeling on it and using a piece of string
E) it repeatedly collapsed just as he was about to complete the setup

46. — it takes him a lot of time to persuade his mother to let him go out.

A) Even though they can easily fit more people
B) There has been no negative feedback since then
C) Whenever he plans to hang out with his friends
D) In no way had he been so late in the evening in the past
E) Managing the tasks of a working mother with two children

47. Had the school not contacted Ben's parents, —

A) their predicament will have become much more dire
B) there has been no negative feedback since then
C) they would have remained unaware of the absence
D) they will likely have some reservations about their son's behavior in school
E) the teachers might request a meeting with him

48. In spite of her lack of a university education, —

A) her attempts to pass the entrance exams were always unsuccessful
B) my sister had to drop out of school due to her father's death
C) his father is a medical faculty member at a prestigious university hospital
D) my cousin achieved a top position in the field of architecture
E) Anna's intelligence was significantly lower than average, too

49. —, the faster our brains recognize it.

A) The more frequently a word is encountered
B) When we see a word for the first time
C) Our brain links the corresponding sound to the word by retrieving it from memory
D) Even before they can speak, babies' intelligence assesses their parents
E) By using effective methods such as visual memory, imagination, and creating stories

50. Formerly ruling the whole continent, —

A) India gained independence in 1947, splitting into two separate nations
B) this marked a turning point in decolonization, inspiring other colonies to seek self-rule
C) the British Empire lost its colonies and led to the emergence of independent countries
D) many were left with the legacies of colonialism, including ethnic and cultural divisions
E) the English language and British culture continue to influence former colonies, leaving a lasting impact on the nations

51. — 50. sorularında, aşağıdaki parçadaki numaralı yerlere uygun düşen sözcüğü veya ifadesi belirleyiniz.

Mercantism in the 17th century gained (51) — as it focused on the accumulation of precious metals, especially gold and silver. Sometimes, the hunt for this precious metal led to (52) — colonies that seemed benign. It was assumed that world wealth was finite, and a nation's wealth couldn't entirely be measured by the number of nuggets it possessed. However, (53) — many mercantilist thinkers failed to grasp was that a nation's wealth couldn't entirely be measured by the number of nuggets it possessed. Despite the fact that mercantilist promoted exports and less imports, it sometimes led to (54) — opportunities for international trade and cooperation. It wasn't understood until later centuries that true prosperity could be achieved not by exploiting other nations (55) — by promoting broader and more balanced economic development.

51. A) diversity
B) disturbance
C) vacancy
D) precation
E) popularity

52. A) to adopt
B) adopting
C) having adopted
D) to be adopted
E) being adopted

53. A) that
B) what
C) how
D) where
E) when

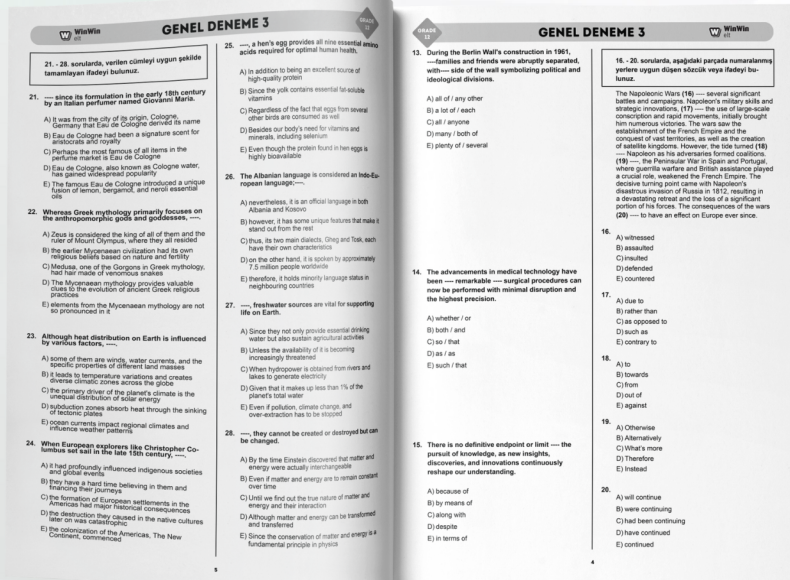
54. A) suspected
B) detailed
C) diminished
D) unadorned
E) outdated

55. A) for
B) and
C) nor
D) but
E) so



Win to Win Grade 12 GENEL DENEMELER

Setimizde 10 adet genel deneme sınavı bulunmaktadır. Her bir sınav 80 sorudan oluşmaktadır. Sorularımız ÖSYM sınav sistemine birebir uyumlu olarak hazırlanmıştır. Öğrencilerimizin gerçek sınava hazırlık sürecinde yol gösterici niteliktedir.



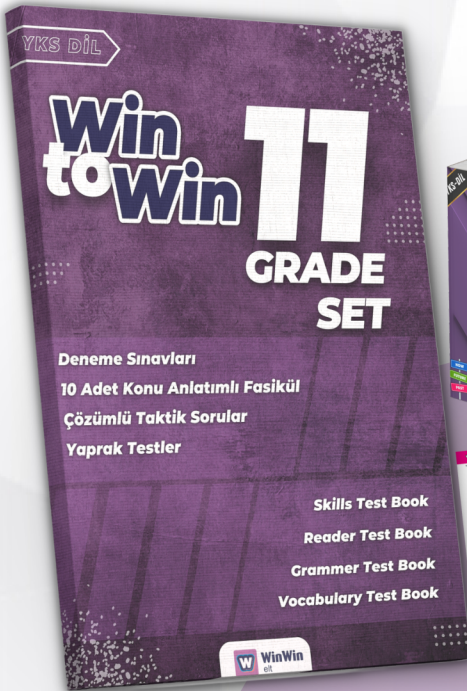


Win to Win 11 GRADE SET

Win To Win GRADE 11 SET İçindekiler:

- GRAMMAR Book
- READING Test Book
- VOCABULARY Test Book
- VOCABULARY Plus
- SKILLS Test Book
- Practice Test (10 Adet 80'lik Deneme Seti)
- 150 Adet Yaprak Test
- Son Çeyrek 5'li Deneme Seti

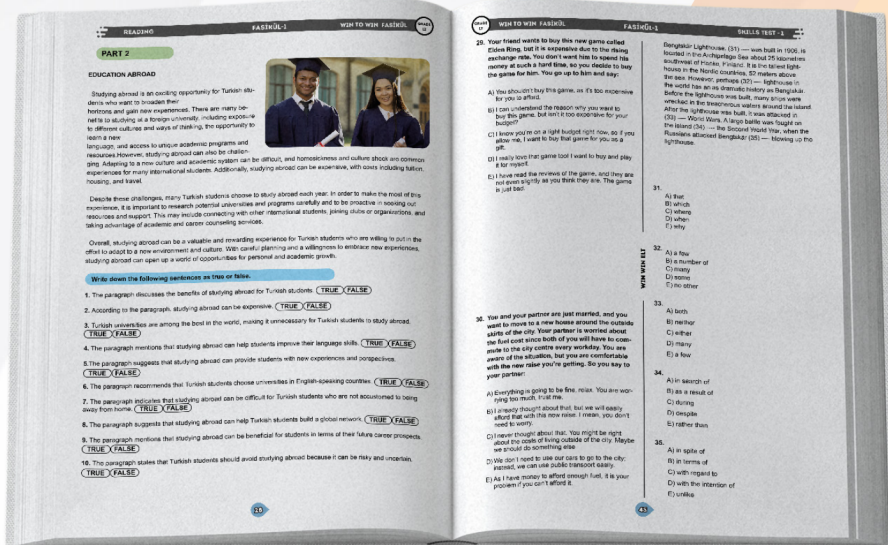
Win To Win Grade 11 setimiz Dil bölümü 11 öğrencilerimizin sınava eksiksiz bir şekilde hazırlanması için yaratılmış özel bir settir. Öğrencilerimiz ve öğretmenlerimiz sınav hazırlık sürecinde ihtiyacı olan tüm konu ve soruları eksiksiz bu sette bulabilirsiniz.





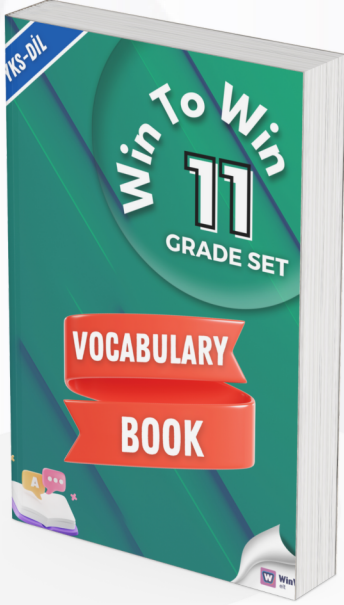
Win to Win Grade 11 Set READING & SKILLS BOOK

Kitabımızda, okuma becerilerini ve skills sorularını eğlenceli bir şekilde sunarak ÖSYM sınav sistemine uygun bir formatta veriyoruz. Öğrencilerimiz, aynı kitap içinde reading ve skills soru tarzlarını detaylı bir şekilde öğrenip, akılda kalıcı bir biçimde pratik yapabilecekler.

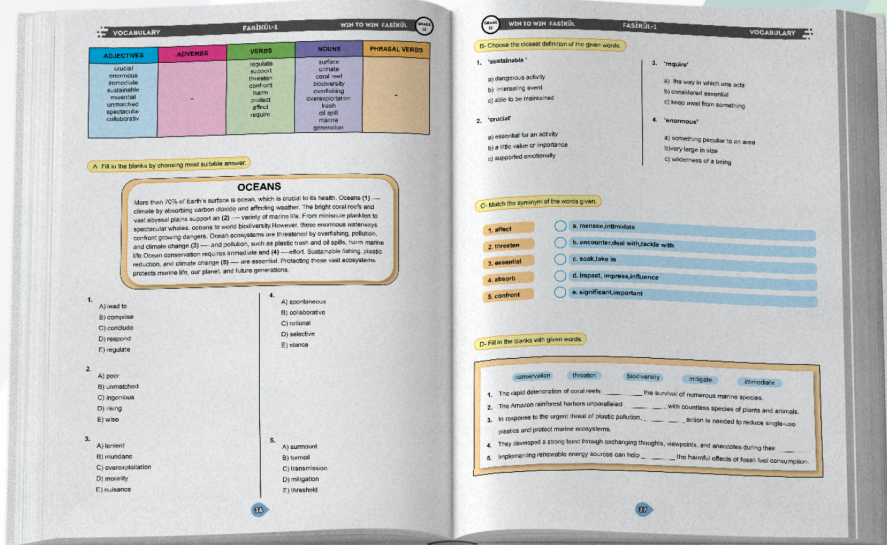




Win to Win Grade 12 Set VOCABULARY BOOK

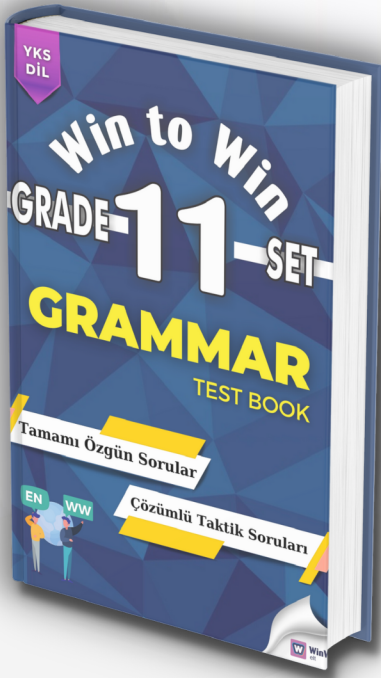


Kitabımızda, ÖSYM sınavlarında en sık karşılaşılan veya çıkma olasılığı yüksek kelimelerden oluşan çalışmalar ve test soruları bulunmaktadır. Dil sınavına hazırlanan öğrencilerimize, akılda kalıcı taktiklerle kelime öğrenme fırsatı sunuyoruz.

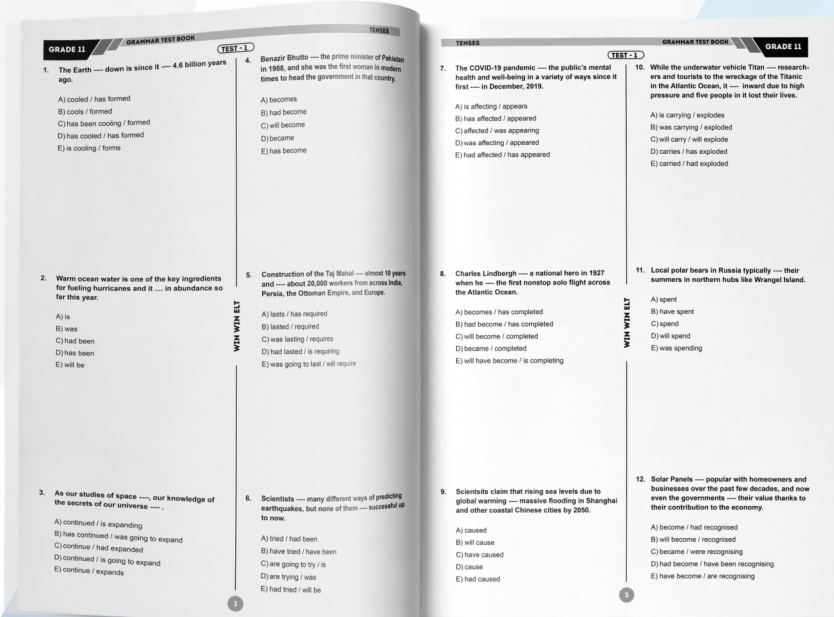




Win to Win Grade 11 Set GRAMMAR TEST BOOK



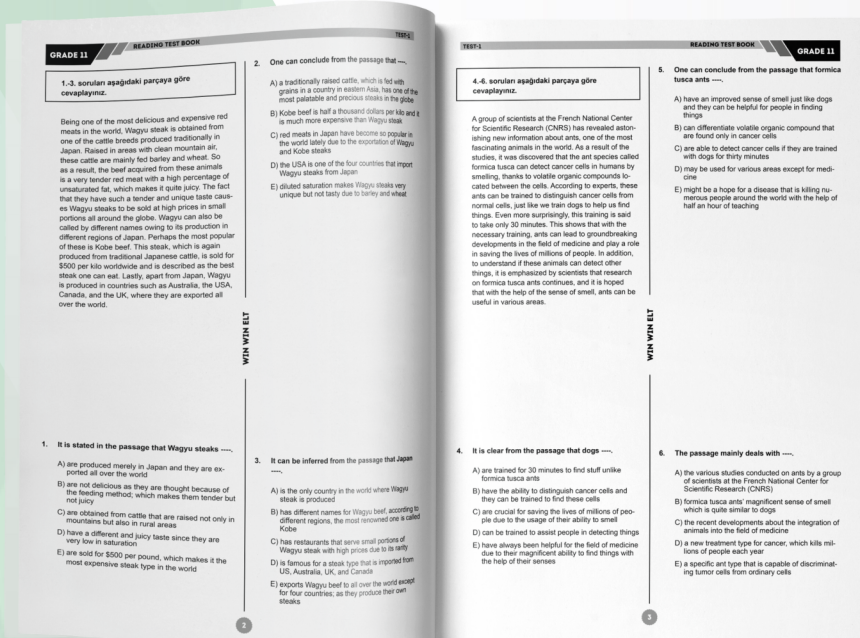
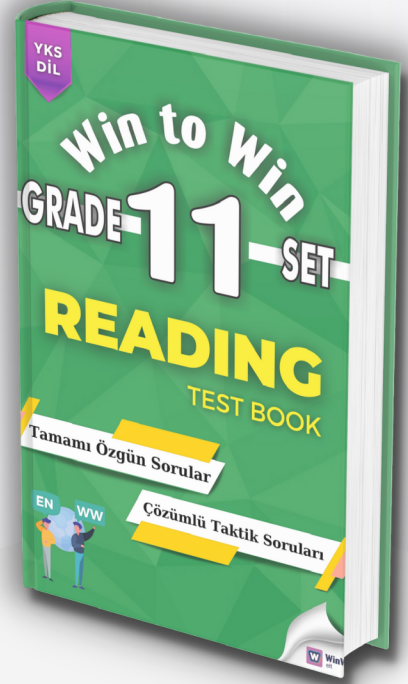
Kitabımızda, sıralı bir şekilde öğretilen tüm gramer konularıyla ilgili test soruları bulunmaktadır. Konular işlendikten sonra öğrencilerimiz, bu test sorularını çözerak öğrendikleri konuları pekiştirme fırsatı bulurlar.





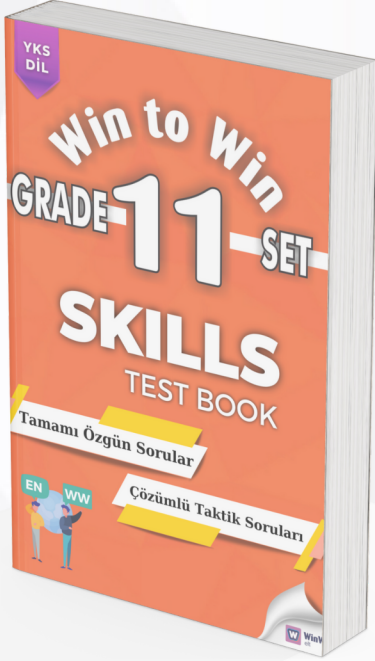
Win to Win Grade 11 Set READING TEST BOOK

Kitabımızda, öğrencilere paragraf ve okuma sorularını ayrıntılı bir şekilde çözme imkanı sunulmaktadır. Her testte, okuma ve paragraf soru tarzlarına yer verilir; bu sayede öğrenciler, sınavda çıkabilecek tüm soru tarzlarını yıl boyunca aktif bir şekilde çözme imkanı bulurlar.

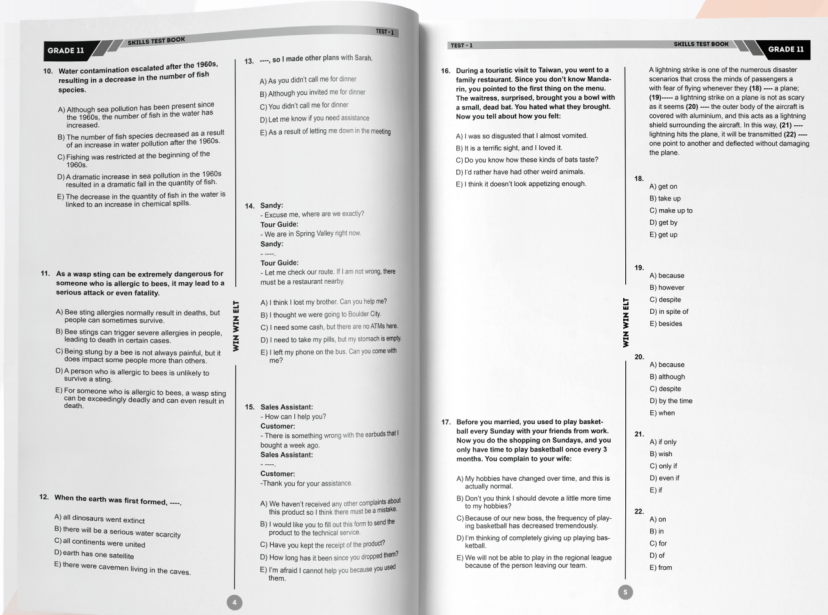




Win to Win Grade 11 Set SKILLS TEST BOOK



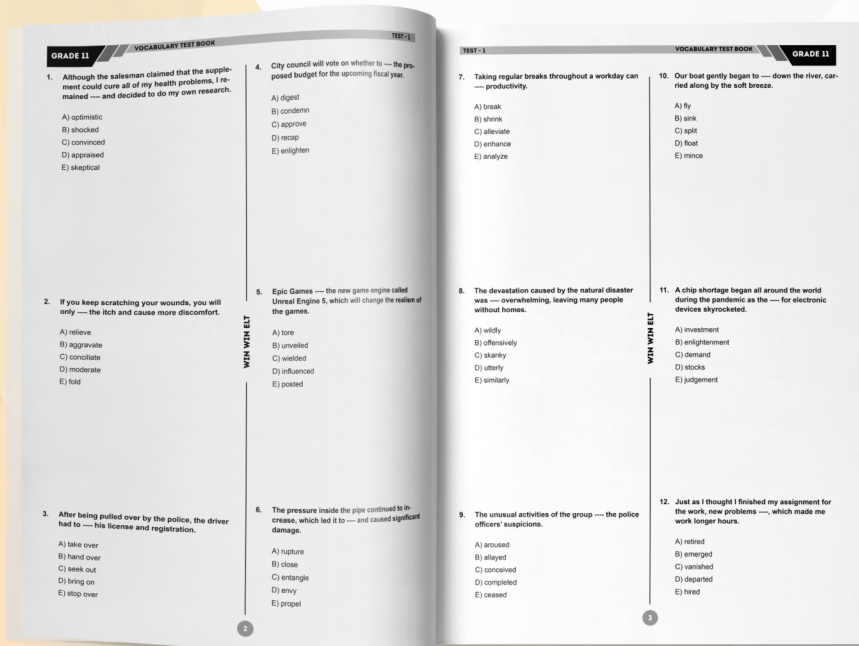
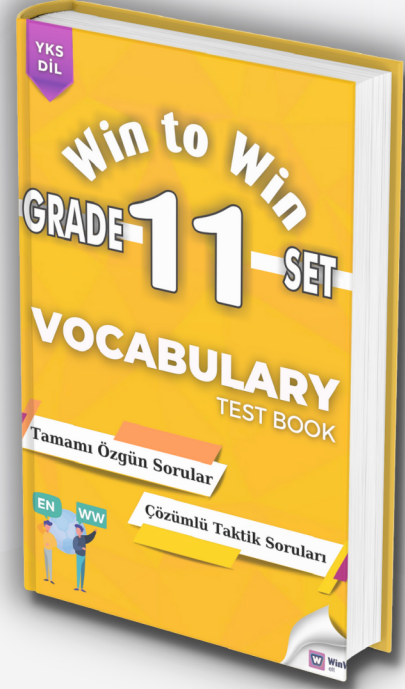
Kitabımızda, cloze test, cümle tamamlama, okuma parçaları, karşılıklı konuşma, anlamca en yakın cümle, verilen duruma uygun cümle seçme, parça tamamlama, çeviri ve anlamı bozan cümle gibi sınavda çıkan soru türlerinden pratik yapma imkanı sunulmaktadır.





Win to Win Grade 11 Set VOCABULARY TEST BOOK

Kitabımızda, sınavda en çok kullanılan kelime sorularına yer verilmektedir. Sınav sistemine uygun olarak, isim, sıfat, zarf, fiil ve phrasal verb soruları da içermektedir.





Win to Win Grade 11 YAPRAK TESTLER

Yaprak testlerimiz, gramer, okuma becerileri ve kelime dağarcığı alanlarından oluşmaktadır. İşlenen konularla entegre bir şekilde tasarlanan bu yaprak testler, öğrencilere pratik yapma ve konuları pekiştirme imkanı sunmaktadır.

Win To Win Grade 11

GRAMMAR TEST - 1

1. I will give you a call when I — at home.

A) arrived
B) will arrive
C) can arrive
D) am
E) could arrive

2. Before I — my friends at a cafe, I — Jackson shopping with his mom.

A) had met / saw
B) met / saw
C) would meet/had seen
D) met / had seen
E) was meeting / had been seeing

3. I seem myself that by 2030, I — to all European countries.

A) will travel
B) would travel
C) travel
D) will have travelled
E) would have

4. Until my brot from school.

A) turned to
B) turns to /
C) turned to /
D) will turn to
E) turned to

5. — for wet out

A) will I
B) has
C) has
D) had
E) has

6. I — am

A) am
B) am
C) am
D) am
E) am

7. I — am

A) am
B) am
C) am
D) am
E) am

READING TEST - 1

1. A. cümlenin eşdeğerini parçaya göre tamamlayınız.

"Maybe Maybe Marcel Rainey" is one of several books released this year geared toward elementary-school-age readers that explore what it's like experiencing sadness and anxiety as a child — a time in which sadness can be confusing for children to experience and difficult for adults to properly address. "Especially with little kids, people will say things like 'well, that child doesn't look depressed' but a lot of times kids don't show sadness like that," said Jill Emanuele. "You have to keep in mind what your child's ability to talk about their emotions as the sadness, it is important to think about the best way to begin these discussions. For children who have a harder time expressing feelings, parents should be prepared to open a conversation about sadness in an approachable way. "You may have to ask them something like 'I'm wondering if you're sad or if you're having sad feelings?' or 'I'm wondering if you're not feeling like yourself?'" said Emanuele. Other signs to look for are a sudden increase in tantrums, irritable behavior or an increase in physical symptoms like stomachaches.

1. We can conclude from the information given in the passage that —.

A) Maybe Maybe Marcel Rainey's is a book about adult stress levels.
B) adults can easily spot their child's sadness.
C) parents should be prepared to release a talk about sadness in a long manner.
D) children can properly address their problems.
E) parents should talk to their children directly and simply.

2. According to —.

A) usually it
B) should be
C) should I
D) should I
E) their are are not

3. According to —.

A) usually it
B) should be
C) should I
D) should I
E) their are are not

4. Arthur's eyes or look on the —.

A) Arthur in gr
B) Arthur in gr
C) Arthur in gr
D) Arthur in gr
E) Arthur in gr

5. My w —.

A) A
B) B
C) C
D) D
E) E

6. — children prefer to play outdoors and engage in physical activities.

A) Imaginary
B) Digital
C) Adversitious
D) Soerene
E) Fragile

7. Even though we are far away from our country, we don't feel like — here.

A) foreigners
B) residents
C) inhabitants
D) hospitalites
E) amusements

8. Unlike female fertility, which decreases with age, male fertility is not strongly age —.

A) ambitious
B) regardless
C) inevitable
D) disconcert
E) respective

9. The economist's in-depth analysis and careful examination of market trends predicted a — to be cautious.

A) severe
B) temporary
C) gradual
D) marginal
E) significant

10. A person who is — can easily adapt to new environments and situations.

A) confused
B) rebellious
C) flexible
D) persistent
E) extravagant

SKILLS TEST - 1

1. 18. yüzyıl İngiltere'deki emekliler için devlet emekliliği, 40. ve 50. yaşlara kadar çalışarak kendilerini emekli edebilecekleri anlamına gelen yaşlanma garantisi olarak kabul edildi.

A) In 1800, British pensioners were so disappointed that people with status symbols would carry them around to show their wealth.
B) If a British had a pension in the 18th century, he was considered wealthy enough to show off by taking it.
C) During the 18th century, having a pension indicated having status in that people used to show people their wealth to make them jealous.
D) In 18th century England, pensioners were a status symbol and those not enough to earn a pension would feel their social status to show off.
E) Having a pension used to show prosperity in the 18th century, so people carried them to show off.

2. Ashında büyük oranda bir çayete olarak kullanılan masa örtüsü, misafirleri, konukları ve diğerlerini rahatlatmak için kullanılır.

A) When tablecloths, originally designed as big communal napkins, were invented, guests were required to wipe their hands off and face on a tablecloth.
B) Tablecloth's initial purpose was to be used as a big communal napkin, but guests would wipe off their dirty parts on it.
C) As time passed, people have discovered their hands and face with tablecloths, but it was used as a big communal napkin.
D) Before being designed, people intended the tablecloth to be a huge common mat with which dirty body parts would be cleaned.
E) When tablecloths were invented as big communal napkins, guests had to wipe their hands off and face on a tablecloth.

3. He went out to the balcony, stopped there and stared at the endless cityscape of Constantinople.

A) Before his job, when he was in Constantinople, he was in Constantinople.
B) Before his job, when he was in Constantinople, he was in Constantinople.
C) Before his job, when he was in Constantinople, he was in Constantinople.
D) Before his job, when he was in Constantinople, he was in Constantinople.
E) Before his job, when he was in Constantinople, he was in Constantinople.

VOCABULARY TEST - 1

1. The economist's in-depth analysis and careful examination of market trends predicted a — to be cautious.

A) severe
B) temporary
C) gradual
D) marginal
E) significant

2. — children prefer to play outdoors and engage in physical activities.

A) Imaginary
B) Digital
C) Adversitious
D) Soerene
E) Fragile

3. Over half a million horses are said to be damaged in Punjab, but the Pakistan government has been able to — only 30,000 tons for the survivors of the flood.

A) cope
B) report
C) handle
D) provide
E) collapse

4. A person who is — can easily adapt to new environments and situations.

A) confused
B) rebellious
C) flexible
D) persistent
E) extravagant

5. Even though we are far away from our country, we don't feel like — here.

A) foreigners
B) residents
C) inhabitants
D) hospitalites
E) amusements

6. Unlike female fertility, which decreases with age, male fertility is not strongly age —.

A) ambitious
B) regardless
C) inevitable
D) disconcert
E) respective

YKS - DİL



Win To Win GRADE 11 PRACTICE TEST

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GRADE 11 KONU BAZLI DENEME

1. -10. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. In order to sustain our —, we need to establish partnerships with other professional organizations.

A) deception
B) existence
C) miracle
D) anticipation
E) preference

2. The research findings indicate that there is not enough — to support the theory that our musical preferences are influenced by our personalities.

A) tendency
B) separation
C) nomination
D) evidence
E) engagement

3. False friends are disrespectful and want to — your life, even if they seem to care about you.

A) distinguish
B) postpone
C) produce
D) rum
E) appoint

4. He made an attempt to give solid facts, but he was unable to — the opposing debater's claims.

A) refute
B) prove
C) accuse
D) dispute
E) support

5. When the woman's child was rescued from a burning building, it was — to see the joy on her face.

A) notorious
B) numerous
C) barren
D) incredible
E) destructive

6. Since — fields are no longer productive due to dirty water, people have started to get uneasy about products.

A) decisive
B) fertile
C) elegant
D) generous
E) obvious

Konu bazlı deneme setimizde toplamda 10 adet deneme bulunmaktadır. Denemelerimiz, işlenen gramer konularına uyumlu olarak hazırlanmıştır. Her bir denemede 10 adet kelime sorusu, 30 adet gramer sorusu ve toplamda 80 soru bulunmaktadır. Setimizin amacı, işlenen konuların pratiğini yaparak YDT sınavı düzeninde öğrencilerin sınav performansını geliştirmektir.

WinWin elt

71. -72. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlama en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

71. Higher standards of achievement in our school can be attained only if we persistently encourage students to embody diligence and hard work.

A) We can help our school reach higher standards of achievement by encouraging students to be diligent and hard work.

B) The harder students are encouraged to work, the easier it is for the school to achieve high standards of achievement.

C) Our school's academic performance can only improve if we consistently urge students to be diligent and hardworking.

D) The only way our school can meet achievement standards of higher levels is that instructors support their pupils' dedication and hard work.

E) Despite all of the methods of consistently encouraging its pupils to work hard and diligently, our school couldn't meet high standards of achievement.

72. Having a nursery at our sports complex may motivate more families to register for exercise courses.

A) Even if our sports complex contains a nursery, we might not attract more families to enroll in fitness courses.

B) Our sports complex's nursery proved successful in encouraging more families to enroll in fitness classes.

C) We could encourage more families to sign up for exercise classes if our sports facility has a nursery.

D) By creating a nursery in our sports center, we enabled more families to participate in exercise classes.

E) Many families think that a nursery needs to be created in the sports center, given that they are considering joining exercise classes.

73. -74. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmada boş bırakılan kısmın tamamlayılabilecek ifadesi bulunuz.

73. Mother: — Hey there, sweetie, I thought you were supposed to be working on that school project with your friends today. Why did you come home so soon?
Son: —
Mother: — Really? You've finished it already? It's only been a few hours since you left for your friend's house.
Son: — Yes, Mom, I'm telling the truth. I want to get a good efficiency, and I trust my friends to handle their parts.
A) Mom, I got detached and didn't make it to my friend's house. It took me a long time.
B) They finished their part so efficiently that I decided to work on another project I have due soon.
C) I've decided to continue tomorrow, so I came home early to get some rest.
D) You're right, Mom. I missed up the one I'll make sure to finish it and send it to them tonight.
E) I did my part of the project, so I decided to come back home a bit early.

74. Emily: — I'm thinking of retaking the university entrance exam since my results weren't good enough for my dream university.
Noah: — Don't you think it's better to just enroll in a university rather than go through the stress of retaking the exam?
Emily: —
Noah: — Well, if you're that determined, then I'll support you in the way. Just remember that it won't be easy, but I admire your dedication.
A) You might have a point, it's just that I don't want to consider it as an option.
B) I'm not, honestly, it's a tough decision. On the one hand, I don't want to enroll in a university, but on the other hand, I really want to get into that dream university.
C) Are you serious right now? It's my last year, and I don't want to waste my time.
D) I understand your point, but I'm determined to get into my dream school, and I believe I can prepare myself for that.
E) Wow, I don't expect you to say that, but I'm prepared for it.

75. -76. sorularda, verilen durumda söylemek istenebilecek sözü bulunuz.

75. As a highly patriotic individual, you find it difficult to empathize with your friend who has a doctorate degree and has published numerous influential articles in mathematics. He has made the decision to move to another country where he believes his contributions would be more appreciated. You voice your criticism by saying:
A) When your home country needs you, it is morally wrong to leave it in search of greater possibilities. Your country has raised and educated you.
B) I sincerely wish more academics shared your mindset. It could be a turning point in our country's progress.
C) I agree with your decision to leave your country just because of your financial difficulties.
D) You're so that science isn't valued as highly as it previously was whenever you go. People all there concerned with making money than with anything else.
E) I wish all academics shared your mindset. Our country would be much more developed if they did.

76. A few days ago, you and your friend agreed to meet up in front of a renowned cafe before heading to the movies. Today, despite your punctuality, your friend is noticeably absent. After waiting patiently for several minutes, your friend eventually shows up. This tardiness isn't a one-time event; you've seen it occur before. In response, you express your intentions regarding how you'll handle any potential delays in the future by saying firmly and clearly:
A) I've tried to work with you, but your lack of punctuality is making it impossible. I think it's time for us to move on.
B) As usual, you're always late. Would you mind apologizing to me?
C) Your constant tardiness is starting to get on my nerves. If you're not on time next time, I'm not going to waste my time waiting for you.
D) I am not going to punish you for being late since I know you have trouble handling traffic.
E) Your tardiness is not a problem for me. We are just friends.

77. -78. sorularda, sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parantez anlama bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

77. Differences in accents stem from a combination of historical, geographical, and social factors. —
- Geographical isolation can also result in unique regional accents as communities develop their own speech patterns over time. Social factors such as education, class, and cultural influences influence accents as people adapt their speech to fit into their social groups. Furthermore, exposure to different linguistic influences through media and communication contributes to accent variations, highlighting the rich tapestry of accents that exist globally.
A) History would lead us to assume easily that American accents developed from British accents.
B) Throughout history, human migration, colonization, and trade have led to the mixing of languages and dialects, giving rise to diverse accents.
C) In linguistics and sociolinguistics, accent refers to the way people or specific groups of people sound when they speak.
D) Accents can continue to evolve gradually throughout our lives as a result of factors like relocating to another country, traveling, working, and the people we spend time with.
E) A fascinating aspect of foreign accents is the variation in how some second-language speakers develop strong accents while others achieve near-native fluency.



Win to Win Grade 11 GENEL DENEMELER

Setimizde 10 adet genel deneme sınavı bulunmaktadır. Her bir sınav 80 sorudan oluşmaktadır. Sorularımız, ÖSYM sınav sistemine tam uyum sağlayacak şekilde hazırlanmıştır. Öğrencilerimizin gerçek sınava hazırlık sürecinde onlara rehberlik etme amacı taşır.

GENEL DENEME 1

64. Throughout history, Islamic societies often provided a refuge for religious and ethnic minorities, and created an environment where diverse communities could thrive.

A) Tarihi boyunca çoğu zaman dini ve etnik azınlıklar için bir sığınak sağlayan İslam toplumları farklı toplulukların gelişebileceği bir ortam yaratmıştır.
B) Tarihi boyunca İslam toplumları çoğu zaman dini ve etnik azınlıklar için bir sığınak sağlanmış ve farklı toplulukların gelişebileceği bir ortam yaratmıştır.
C) Farklı toplulukların gelişebileceği bir ortam yaratan İslam toplumları tarihi boyunca çoğu zaman dini ve etnik azınlıklar için bir sığınak sağlamışlardır.
D) Tarihi boyunca toplumları aski din ve etnik azınlıklar için bir sığınak sağlanmış ve farklı toplulukların gelişebileceği bir ortam yaratmıştır.
E) Tarihi boyunca İslam toplumları dini ve etnik azınlıklar için bir sığınak sağlamış ve farklı toplulukların gelişebileceği bir ortam meydana getirmiştir.

65. Cacao trees grow in hot and humid places, which are mostly found in the south of the equator.

A) Kakao ağaçları öğünlülük ekvatorun güneyinde bulunan sıcak ve nemli yerlerde yetişir.
B) Kakao ağaçları öğünlülük ekvatorun güney en bir sığınak için sıcak ve nemli yerlerde yetişir.
C) Kakao ağaçları öğünlülük ekvatorun güneyinde bulunan sıcak ve nemli yerlerde yetişir.
D) Kakao ağaçları sadece ekvatorun sıcak ve nemli olan güney bölgelerinde yetişir.
E) Kakao ağaçlarını yetiştirmesinde öğünlülük sıcak ve nemli olan ekvatorun güney bölgesi en uygun yerdir.

66. Fractals, which are captivating and intricate mathematical constructs, are a proof of the remarkable complexity that can emerge from deceptively simple rules.

A) Büyüleyici ve karmaşık matematiksel yapılar olan ve olağandışı karmaşıklıkla bir basit görsel tasarımların derinliği bir kanıt olarak ortaya çıkarılır.
B) Büyüleyici ve karmaşık matematiksel yapılar olan fractaller, basit kurallardan ortaya çıkabildiği olağandışı karmaşıklıkla bir kanıttır.
C) Karmaşık matematiksel yapılar olan fractaller, aldatıcı derecede basit kurallardan ortaya çıkabildiği olağandışı karmaşıklıkla bir kanıttır.
D) Büyüleyici ve karmaşık matematiksel yapılar olan fractaller, aldatıcı derecede basit kurallardan ortaya çıkabildiği olağandışı karmaşıklıkla bir kanıttır.
E) Aldatıcı derecede basit kurallardan ortaya çıkan fractaller, büyüleyici ve karmaşık matematiksel yapılar ve olağandışı karmaşıklıkla bir kanıttır.

67. The stomach's muscular walls contract rhythmically, a process known as peristalsis, to churn and mix the partially digested food and create a semi-liquid substance called chyme.

A) Midenin kas duvarları, kısmen sindirilmiş gıdayı çalkalayarak karıştırmak için peristalsis adı verilen bir süreç için kasılır ve kırıncı bir sıvı oluşturur.
B) Midenin sindirimli gıdayı çalkalayarak karıştırmak için peristalsis adı verilen bir süreç için kasılır ve kırıncı bir sıvı oluşturur.
C) Midenin kas duvarları, kısmen sindirilmiş gıdayı çalkalayarak karıştırmak için peristalsis adı verilen bir süreç için kasılır ve kırıncı bir sıvı oluşturur.
D) Midenin kas duvarları, çalkalayarak ve karıştırmak için kısmen sindirilmiş gıdayı çalkalayarak karıştırmak için peristalsis adı verilen bir süreç için kasılır ve kırıncı bir sıvı oluşturur.
E) Midenin kas duvarları, sindirilmiş gıdayı çalkalayarak karıştırmak için peristalsis adı verilen bir süreç için kasılır ve kırıncı bir sıvı oluşturur.

GENEL DENEME 1

68. It's a meticulously crafted set of instructions, often rooted in mathematics and logic, that guides a computer in executing tasks ranging from data sorting and search optimization to machine learning and artificial intelligence. Algorithms can vary in complexity, from straightforward ones like linear search to intricate ones like Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm. The art lies in designing algorithms that strike a balance between computational resources and desired outcomes, pushing the boundaries of technological capabilities and propelling innovation across diverse fields.

A) In recent years, the emergence of machine learning algorithms has led to groundbreaking developments in fields like image recognition, natural language processing, and recommendation systems.
B) The transparency and accountability of algorithms have become central to discussions about responsible algorithmic design.
C) An algorithm serves as the intellectual backbone of modern computing, functioning as a step-by-step roadmap to solve intricate problems and perform tasks with precision and efficiency.
D) Algorithms empower us to process and analyze massive amounts of data, streamline scientific research, and develop intelligent systems.
E) As technology continues to evolve, so too will the algorithms that drive innovation and shape our understanding of what's possible in the realm of computation and problem-solving.

69. Charles Babbage, a brilliant English mathematician, inventor, and philosopher, is often regarded as the "father of the Computer" for his pioneering work in the field of computing during the 19th century. Babbage conceptualized and designed the first mechanical general-purpose computer, known as the Analytical Engine. A visionary creation that laid the foundation for modern computing, Babbage's ideas profoundly influenced subsequent generations of scientists, ultimately shaping the digital world we live in today.

A) He meticulously attention to detail and innovative thinking led him to develop the concept of a stored program and the use of punch cards for memory.
B) Beyond his mechanical and computational contributions to other scientific disciplines.
C) Additionally, Babbage's influence extended into economic theory and the study of industrial automation.
D) Babbage's legacy is also a testament to the power of perseverance and determination in the face of challenges.
E) Beyond his technical contributions, Babbage also made significant contributions to the philosophy of science and the concept of "scientific method."

70. Journalism in England boasts a rich and storied tradition that spans centuries, making it an integral part of the nation's cultural and political landscape. From influential dailies like the Guardian and The Times to the venerable BBC, which stands as a global benchmark for broadcasting excellence, English journalism encompasses a diverse range of voices and perspectives. — However, the industry also faces modern challenges posed by digitalization, surrounding media ethics, and debates surrounding media ethics in an increasingly interconnected world.

A) Contemporary English journalism exists in a digital age characterized by rapid technological advancements.
B) The proliferation of the internet has democratized information access, allowing a diverse array of voices to participate in journalistic discourse.
C) The rigorous pursuit of truth became a hallmark of English journalism during this period, and its impact resonated across the globe.
D) The BBC, for instance, stands as a global standard for impartial and comprehensive broadcasting.
E) The country's commitment to press freedom and investigative reporting is evident in historic events like the Watergate scandal, where journalists played a crucial role in holding power to account.

71. The rise of the novel marked a significant literary transformation that unfolded over several centuries. Emerging in the 18th century, the novel departed from the prevailing forms of literature, such as epic poetry and drama. The period witnessed the publication of iconic works like Daniel Defoe's "Robinson Crusoe" and Samuel Richardson's "Pamela," which laid the foundation for the novel's evolution. With a focus on personal experiences, social dynamics, and psychological realism, the novel revolutionized storytelling, eventually becoming one of the most influential and enduring literary forms in history.

A) These novels employed techniques like epistolary writing, realistic dialogue, and intricate plots to captivate readers' imaginations.
B) This new narrative medium embraced the insights and emotions of characters with unprecedented depth.
C) These works showcased the novel's capacity to explore multifaceted characters, provoke thought, and challenge prevailing ideologies.
D) This psychological depth set the novel apart from earlier literary forms and paved the way for the nuanced character studies that continue to captivate readers today.
E) Themes of individualism, self-discovery, and the tension between personal desires and societal expectations became central to many novels.



Win to Win SELF SET

Win To Win SELF SET İçindekiler:

- GRAMMAR Book
- GRAMMAR Test Book
- READING Test Book
- VOCABULARY Test Book
- SKILLS Test Book
- Practice Test (10 Adet 80'lik Deneme Seti)
- 100 Adet Yaprak Test

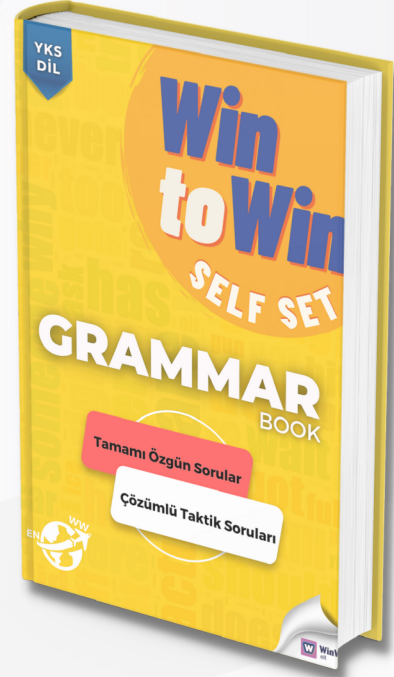
Win To Win Self Setimiz YKS dil bölümü öğrenci ve öğretmenlerine yönelik hazırlanmış bireysel ya da sınıf ortamına kullanıma uyumlu, sınavda ihtiyacınız olan tüm soru ve konuları içeren setimizdir.





Win to Win Self Set GRAMMAR BOOK

Kitabımızda tüm gramer konuları ayrıntılı bir şekilde anlatılmaktadır. Kitabımızın içinde çeşitli alıştırmalar ve örnek soru çözümleri bulunmaktadır. Gruplandırılmış olarak, basitten karmaşığa doğru ilerleyen bir yapıda, tüm gramer konuları işlenmektedir.



1 SELF SET GRAMMAR BOOK

TENSES

İngilizce'deki 'Tense' kavramı, Türkçeye 'Zaman' olarak çevrilir. Tense, İngilizce'de gramer'de bir kategoride 'Yeni' olarak kabul edilir. 'Zaman' kavramına göre 'Zamanlar' GEÇMİŞ (PAST), ŞİMDİKİ (PRESENT) ve GELECEK (FUTURE) olarak üç ana temel kavramdan oluşur. İngilizce'de ise bu zamanlara bağlı olan 12 adet fiil çekimi vardır.

GEÇMİŞ ZAMAN (PAST)	ŞİMDİKİ ZAMAN (PRESENT)	GELECEK ZAMAN (FUTURE)
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Simple Past TensePast Continuous TensePast Perfect TensePast Perfect Continuous Tense	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Simple Present TensePresent Continuous TensePresent Perfect TensePresent Perfect Continuous Tense	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Simple Future TenseFuture Continuous TenseFuture Perfect TenseFuture Perfect Continuous Tense

ÖNEMLİ!
Bir cümlede doğru fiil çekimini bulmak için o cümlede gerçekleştirilen eylemin ana zamanını (Geçmiş, Şimdiki, Gelecek) anlamak gerekir. Bunun için zaman zarfları ve ifadelerinden (activities of time: time expressions) yararlanarak doğru fiil çekiminin bulunmasına ve sorularlarında çözüme ulaşılmasına önemli derecede yardımcı olabilir.

SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE

Simple Present Tense, Türkçedeki 'Geniş Zaman' olarak tanımlanabilir. Genel olarak sürekli yapılan eylemleri anlatmak için kullanılan Simple Present Tense'in fiil çekiminde; üçüncü tekil için 'HE, SHE, IT' şahısları ile kullanılan fiilere '-s' eklenir. Diğer şahıslarda ise fiile herhangi bir ek getirilmez.

Example:
My brother calls me every day. (Özge 'My brother olduğu için' 'calls' fiile 's' eklenmiştir.)
They work hard to support their family. (Özge 'They olduğu için' 'work' fiiline herhangi bir ek getirilmez.)

Simple Present Tense Kullanımı	Examples
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Alışkanlıklar, tekrar gerçekleştirilen eylemlerDoğa kurulumları, evrensel gerçekler, genellemelerZamana göre değişmeyen, sürekli olarak gerçekleştirilen konular eylemlerGelecekte gerçekleştirilecek olan planlar, programlı eylemlerHaber başlıklarında (yapılan olay geçmiş zamanda gerçekleşmiş olsa bile)Kıyık, film gibi eserlerden bulunan olay örgüsünü özetleyen veya anlatırken	<ul style="list-style-type: none">James drinks a can of Coke regularly.Interstellar clouds, known as nebulas, consists of cosmic dust and gas that are occupying space.Maria flies to Istanbul tomorrow night.Company executives plan to lay off several workers.The protagonist tries to save his family from the mob in the family.

ÖNEMLİ!
Simple Present Tense'in olumsuz cümlelerinde fiile '-s' takısı eklenmez. Bunun yerine 'DO, DOES' yardımcı fiil kullanılır. 'He, She, It' cümlelerinde 'does' kullanılırken, diğer cümlelerde 'do' kullanılır. Olumsuz cümlelerde 'do, does' yardımcı fiilinden 'not' eklenir. 'do, does' kullanılmayan cümlelerde 'is, are' yardımcı fiil kullanılır. 'is, are' yardımcı fiil kullanılırken 'is, are' yardımcı fiil kullanılırken 'not' eklenir. 'is, are' yardımcı fiil kullanılırken 'not' eklenir. 'is, are' yardımcı fiil kullanılırken 'not' eklenir.

Example:
I don't know what they want from me.
I just had food regularly although I know it's dangerous.
Do they have any proof?
Why does she talk about his job so much? (Wh- soru kelimeleri, 'do' yardımcı fiilinden önce kullanılır)

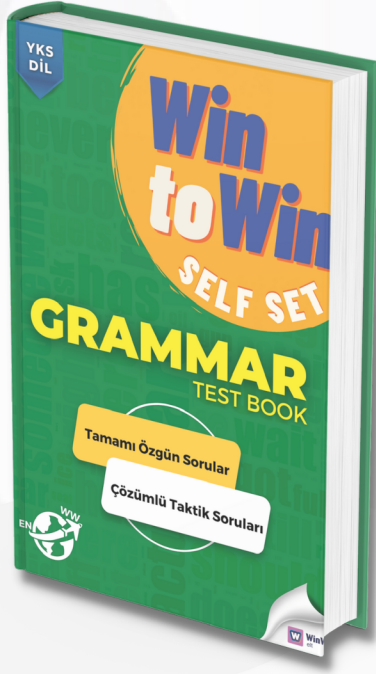
SIK KULLANILAN ZAMAN İFADELERİ

sometimes	on Tuesday / Fridays / ...	once / twice a week / day
every day / year / month / ...	occasionally	usually
always	often / frequently	seldom
usually	never	hardly (ever)
scarcely / rarely / barely	ever	in the morning / at the night

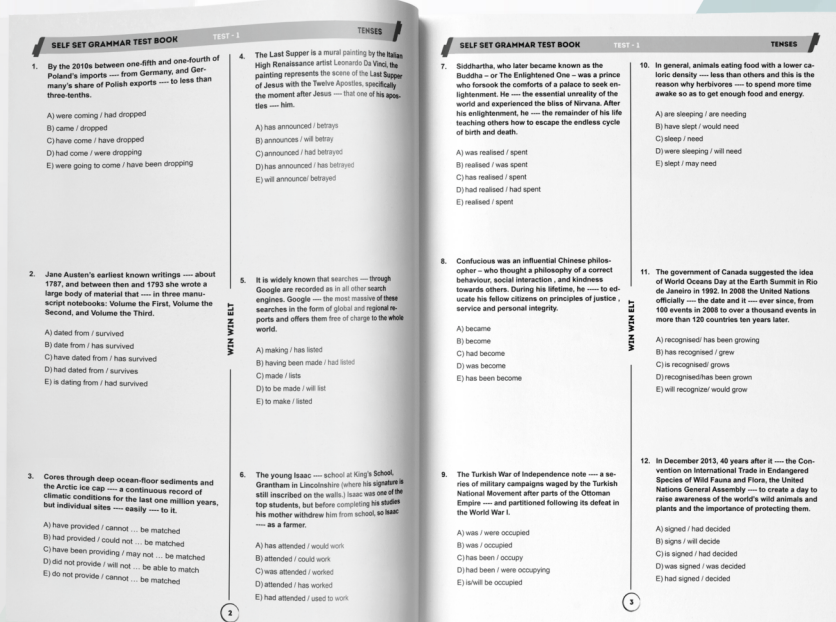
More Examples:
He generally eats breakfast before leaving for work.
I often go for a run in the morning. I follow this routine to keep in shape.
We usually have dinner together as a family.
Marie sometimes visits her friends on the weekends.



Win to Win Self Set GRAMMAR TEST BOOK



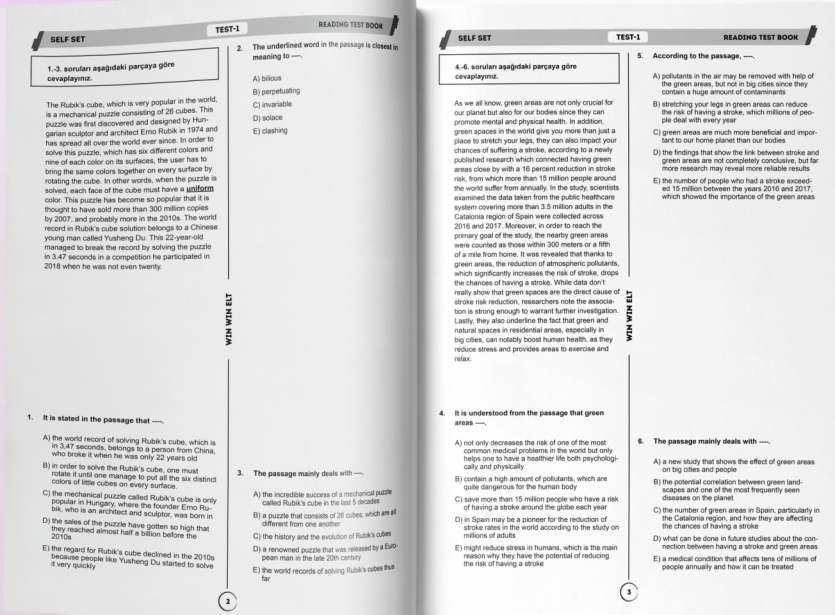
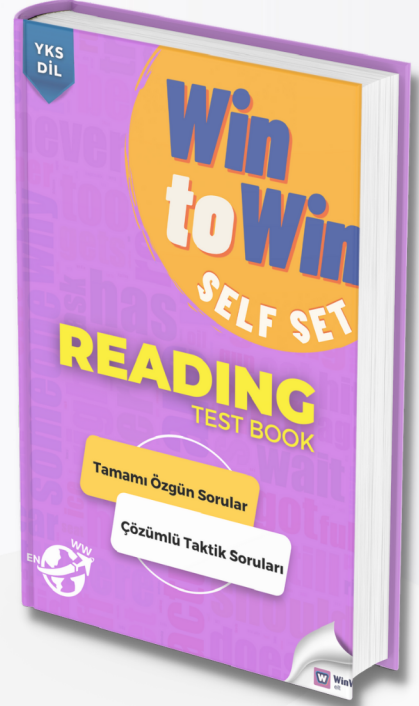
Kitabımızda, öğrencilere paragraf ve okuma sorularını ayrıntılı bir şekilde çözme imkanı sunulmaktadır. Her testte, okuma ve paragraf soru tarzlarına yer verilir; bu sayede öğrenciler, sınavda çıkabilecek tüm soru tarzlarını yıl boyunca aktif bir şekilde çözme imkanı bulurlar.





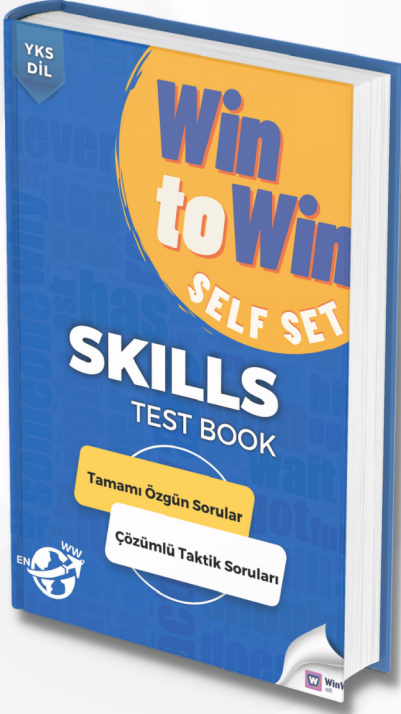
Win to Win Self Set READING TEST BOOK

Kitabımızda, öğrencilere paragraf ve okuma sorularını ayrıntılı bir şekilde çözme imkanı sunulmaktadır. Her testte, okuma ve paragraf soru tarzlarına yer verilir; bu sayede öğrenciler, sınavda çıkabilecek tüm soru tarzlarını yıl boyunca aktif bir şekilde çözme imkanı bulurlar.

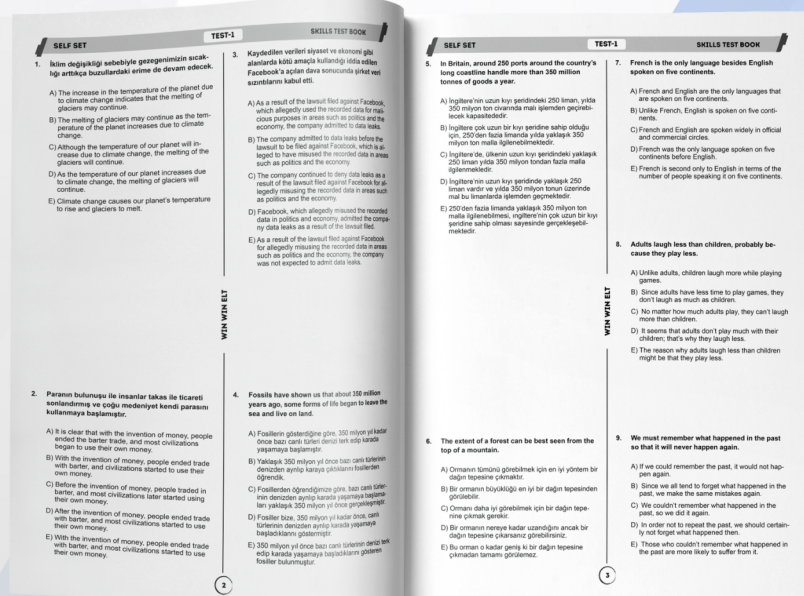




Win to Win Self Set SKILLS TEST BOOK



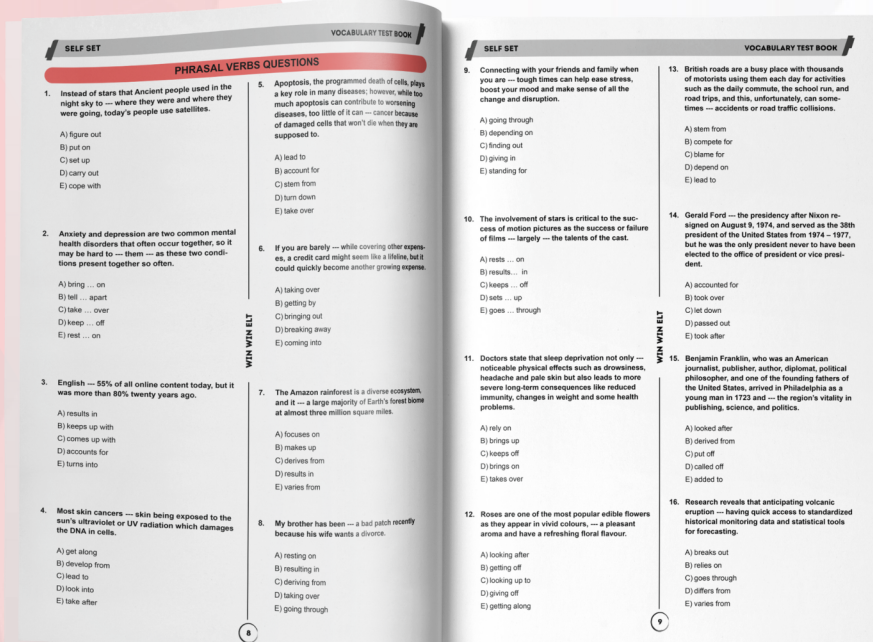
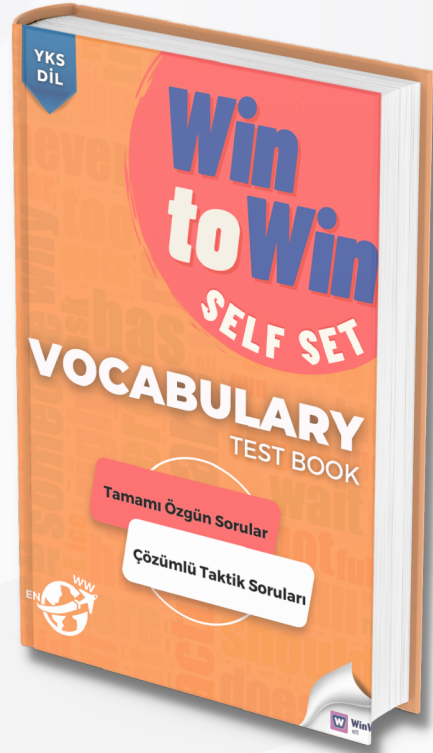
Kitabımızda, cloze test, cümle tamamlama, okuma parçaları, karşılıklı konuşma, anlamca en yakın cümle, verilen duruma uygun cümle seçme, parça tamamlama, çeviri ve anlamı bozan cümle gibi sınavda çıkan soru türlerinden pratik yapma imkanı sunulmaktadır.





Win to Win Self Set VOCABULARY TEST BOOK

Kitabımızda, sınavda en çok kullanılan kelime sorularına yer verilmektedir. Sınav sistemine uygun olarak, isim, sıfat, zarf, fiil ve phrasal verb soruları da içermektedir.





Win to Win Self Set YAPRAK TESTLER

Setimizde 120 adet yaprak test bulunmaktadır. Yaprak testlerimiz, gramer, okuma becerileri ve kelime dağarcığı alanlarından oluşmaktadır. İşlenen konularla entegre bir şekilde tasarlanan bu yaprak testler, öğrencilere pratik yapma ve konuları pekiştirme imkanı sunmaktadır.

Win To Win Self Set

GRAMMAR TEST - 1

1. When she — that very rash promise she didn't realize what she — herself in for.

A) will make / would let
B) has made / lets
C) makes / was letting
D) was making / had let
E) makes / is letting

2. The outbreak of fire underground — an excellent opportunity for — a no smoking rule.

A) will prove / to be enforced
B) has proved / having enforced
C) would provide / to enforce
D) had provided / being enforced
E) provided / enforcing

3. My mother — to work even though she — retirement.

A) continued / is entitled
B) continues / will be entitled
C) continues / is entitled
D) would continue / be entitled
E) will continue / was entitled

Win To Win Self Set

READING TEST - 1

1. 3. sonun asırdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A) 1 — the wolf
B) cleaner
C) wit do
D) have
E) wit

One of the most forbidding of all mythical creatures, the mantichore was a scorpion-like creature that the ancient body of a lion and the stinging tail of a scorpion. The legend of this deadly hybrid first began in a book about India. Ctesias and others did with Greek authors such as Herodotus, who chronicled the mantichore as having three rows of teeth like a shark and a fearful howl that sounded like a trumpet. Most terrifying of all, it had an insatiable appetite for human flesh. After using its blistering spines to chase down its prey, the beast was said to feast on their bones and all. According to legend, the mantichore was even capable of paralyzing or killing its victims from a distance by firing stingers from its tail, "as from a bow".

2. Which could be

A) History of medicine
B) Legendary creatures
C) Mantichore
D) Mantichore
E) How do M

1. 1960'lerde Sovyetler Birliği ve ABD uzay yarışında yarışları için ilk kadın gezginler seçildi.

A) In the 1960s, the Soviet Union and the US were made in the space race, and they wanted to get the first person to the moon.
B) In the 1960s, the US and the Soviet Union competed with each other to send the first person to the moon.
C) Throughout the 1960s, the Soviet Union and the US competed to see who would be the first to send a human to the moon.
D) In the 1960s, the Soviet Union and the US were made in the space race in order to get the first person to the moon.
E) The Soviet Union and the US were rivals in the space race, and they wanted to get the first person to the moon.

2. Nereden Biliyoruz Roma Akademi başlangıcıdır.

A) Her was in need to find someone to blame for the chaos about her starting the Great Fire of Rome.
B) She had a new religious group that was named Christians.
C) She had to find someone to blame immediately, because she had started the Great Fire of Rome.
D) She had to find someone to blame immediately, because she had started the Great Fire of Rome.
E) She had to find someone to blame immediately, because she had started the Great Fire of Rome.

3. As of 1971, Alexander Graham Bell had been trying to find a way to transmit sound via electricity, but he had failed. He was in the experiment, but for a long time, he was without success.

A) 1872'den itibaren, Alexander Graham Bell elektrik sesini iletmek için çalıştı, ancak sesin elektrik yoluyla iletilmesi için uzun zaman geçirdi ve başarısız oldu.
B) 1872'den itibaren, Alexander Graham Bell sesin elektrik yoluyla iletilmesini amaçladı, ancak sesin elektrik yoluyla iletilmesi için uzun zaman geçirdi ve başarısız oldu.
C) 1872'den itibaren, Alexander Graham Bell elektrik sesini iletmeye çalıştı, ancak sesin elektrik yoluyla iletilmesi için uzun zaman geçirdi ve başarısız oldu.
D) 1872'den itibaren, Alexander Graham Bell sesin elektrik yoluyla iletilmesini amaçladı, ancak sesin elektrik yoluyla iletilmesi için uzun zaman geçirdi ve başarısız oldu.
E) 1872'den itibaren, Alexander Graham Bell sesin elektrik yoluyla iletilmesini amaçladı, ancak sesin elektrik yoluyla iletilmesi için uzun zaman geçirdi ve başarısız oldu.

4. The atomic bomb that the only ones to early and the United States over the war.

A) Amerikanın geliştiği zamanın en büyük silahıydı.
B) Amerikanın geliştiği zamanın en büyük silahıydı.
C) Amerikanın geliştiği zamanın en büyük silahıydı.
D) Amerikanın geliştiği zamanın en büyük silahıydı.
E) Amerikanın geliştiği zamanın en büyük silahıydı.

5. The more time I have, the more I want to do.

A) As I get to appear the more I want to do.
B) The more I have, the more I want to do.
C) The fewer I have, the more I want to do.
D) It is really the more I have, the more I want to do.
E) Of the more I have, the more I want to do.

6. You are always late.

A) You are always late.
B) You are always late.
C) You are always late.
D) You are always late.
E) You are always late.

7. The effect of progesterone on the central nervous system becomes more pronounced as pregnancy progresses, resulting in a heightened sense of awareness in most women.

A) Expanding
B) Progressing
C) Retreating
D) Differing
E) Boosting

8. In an effort to boost the country's economy, the government's new economic policies aim to promote a favorable business environment.

A) promote
B) boost
C) foster
D) advance
E) establish

VOCABULARY TEST - 1

1. Children's literature serves not only as a source of entertainment for kids but also as a means to engage —.

A) Tightly
B) Primarily
C) Vigorously
D) Ambiguously
E) Divergently

2. Throughout pregnancy, women experience a — shortness of breath due to the influence of progesterone on the central breathing system.

A) Expanding
B) Progressing
C) Retreating
D) Differing
E) Boosting

3. Effective time management skills are crucial in today's fast-paced world, as they enable individuals to — work-life balance.

A) Achieve
B) Maintain
C) Foster
D) Cultivate
E) Establish

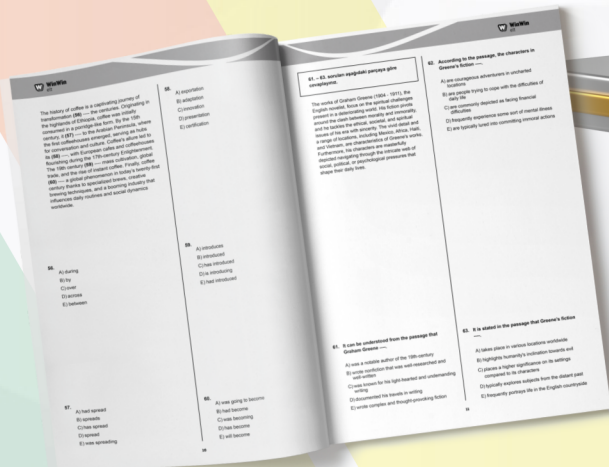
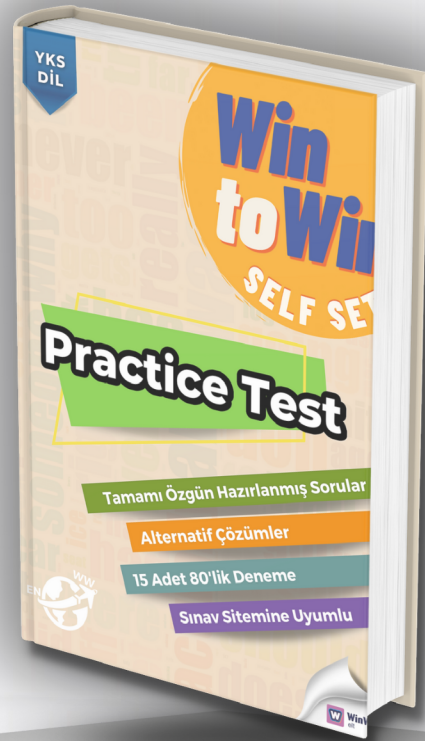
4. Renewable energy sources, such as solar and wind power, have gained significant attention in recent years due to their potential to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and — energy sustainability.

A) Promote
B) Enhance
C) Foster
D) Support
E) Advance

YKS - DİL

SELF SET PRACTICE TEST

Setimizde 10 adet genel deneme sınavı bulunmaktadır. Her bir sınav 80 sorudan oluşmaktadır. Sorularımız, ÖSYM sınav sistemine tam uyum sağlayacak şekilde hazırlanmıştır. Öğrencilerimizin gerçek sınava hazırlık sürecinde onlara rehberlik etme amacı taşır.

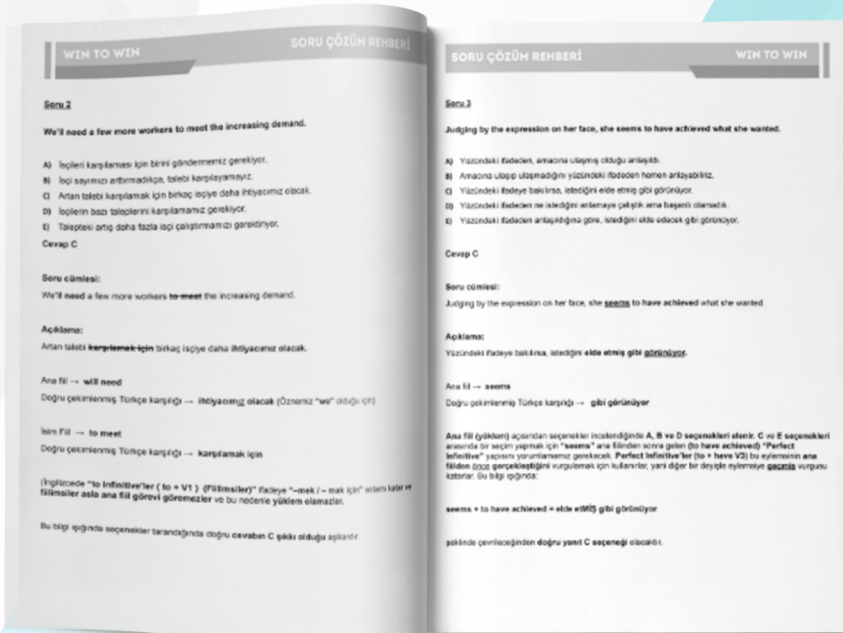




English Win Box Soru Çözüm Rehberi

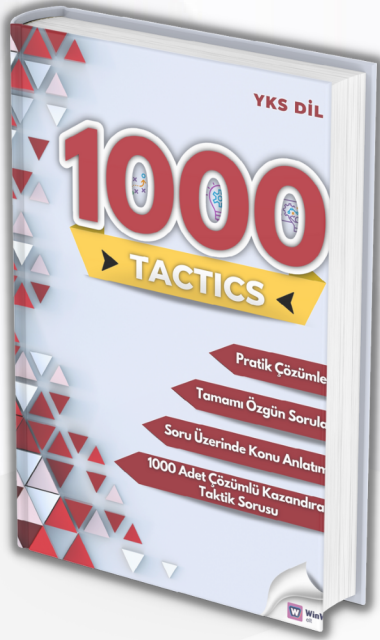


Soru çözüm rehberi kitabımızda YKS DİL YDS YÖK DİL gibi dil sınavlarında karşılaşılan soru tarzlarından hazırlanmış sorular ve bunların çözümleri bulunmaktadır. Öğrencilerimize, dil sınavlarında çıkan soru tarzlarını detaylı bir şekilde öğretmek için açıklayıcı soru çözümleri sunulmuştur.





Win To Win 1000 TACTICS BOOK



"1000 Taktik Kitabımızda" 1000 adet taktikli çözümlü soru bulunmaktadır. Dil sınavlarına hazırlanan öğrencilerimize taktikleri öğretmek ve soru çözme alışkanlığı kazandırmak amacıyla oluşturulmuştur. Her soru öncesinde, öğrencilerimizin soruyu çözebilmelerini sağlayacak ipuçları veya taktikler verilir. Öğrencilerimiz, soruları çözdükten sonra çözümleri kontrol edebilirler. Kitabımız, ağırlıklı olarak dil bilgisi konularına odaklanmıştır. Okuma becerileri ve kelime bilgisi taktik soruları da bulunmaktadır.

TAKTİK: "Date" kelimesi cümlede "(bir tarihe) dayanmak" anlamında kullanılıyorsa anlamsal olarak geçmişten bahsetse bile "Simple Present Tense" olarak yazılır. Geçmişle alakalı genel ya da bilimsel bir bilgi verilirken geniş zaman kullanıldığını dikkat edelim.

1. While the concept of insurance ---- back to antiquity, the concepts needed to scientifically measure and mitigate risks ---- their origins in the 17th-century studies of probability and annuities.

- A) dates / had
- B) dated / have
- C) had dated / had had
- D) has dated / had
- E) dates / have

CEVAP: Sorumuzda cümleyi tamamen okuduğumuzda ilk boşluğun olduğu bölümde "antiquity" ifadesi ve ikinci boşluğun olduğu bölümde ise "17th century" ifadeleri dikkat çekiyor. Bu zaman ifadeleri genellikle "Simple past tense" ile kullanılsa da bu durumun istisnalarından birisiyle karşı karşıyayız. İlk kısımda verilen "date" fiili "...a dayanmak" anlamına gelmektedir. Bu yüzden, "Sigorta kavramı antik döneme dayanır" derken doğruluğu değişmeyen bir durumdan söz edildiği için "Simple present tense" kullanılır. İkinci boşlukta da yine aynı şekilde "Riskleri bilimsel bir şekilde ölçmek ve hafifletmek için gereken kavramların temeli 17. yüzyıldadır." derken yine değişmeyen bilimsel bir doğrudan bahsedildiği için "Simple present tense" kullanılır. Bu yüzden

TAKTİK: Bir geçmiş zaman cümlesinde eğer iki eylem varsa ve bir eylem devam ederken başka bir eylem bir anda araya girerek olup bitiyorsa (duş alırken kapının çalması, ders çalışırken elektrik kesilmesi vb.), devam eden eylem (veya duruma göre eylemler) için PAST CONTINUOUS (was/were VERB ing), diğer eylem, yani süreklilik arz etmeyen, diğer olay devam ederken bir anda gerçekleşen eylem içinse PAST SIMPLE kullanırız.

2. When I ----- into the office, Mr. Denise ----- on the phone with a customer, three or four clients ----- intently at their desks, and two executives ----- some of their methods they applied in the office.

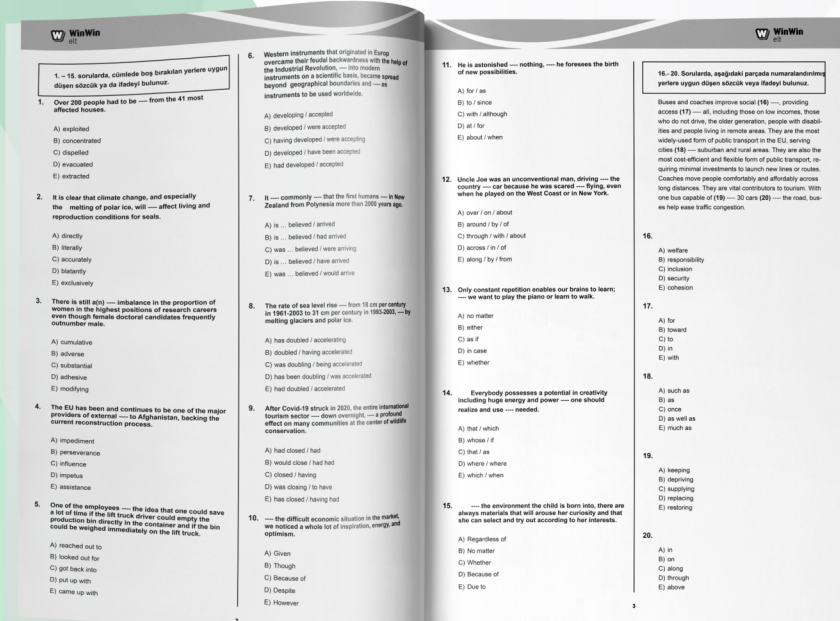
- A) was walking / talked / worked / were discussing
- B) walked / was talking / worked / discussed
- C) was walking / talked / was working / discussed
- D) walked / was talking / was working / was discussing
- E) walked / talked / worked / discussed

CEVAP: Cümlemiz, öznesi "I" olan bir WHEN cümlecikle başlıyor ve ardından diğer yan cümlecikler geliyor. "Ofise girdiğimde, Bay Denise müşterilerle telefonda konuşuyordu, üç yada dört tane çalışan masalarında yoğun bir şekilde çalışıyordu ve iki yönetici ofiste uyguladıkları bazı yöntemleri tartışıyorlardı". Yani ilk kısımda bahsedilen "ofise girme" eylemi olduğu anda, ofiste hali hazırda gerçekleşen/devam eden üç tane eylemler bahsediliyor. İçeri girme eylemi bu diğer eylemlerin üzerine gelen ve devamlılık arz etmeyen bir eylem olduğu için, bu kısımda PAST CONTINUOUS (was walking) kullanılan A ve C şıklarını eliyoruz. İçeri girme dışındaki eylemlerin hepsi o an devam eden eylemler olduğu için, bunların hepsinde PAST CONTINUOUS kullanılması gerektiğinden, doğru cevabı D şıkkı olarak buluyoruz.



Win To Win 7'Lİ DENEME SETİ

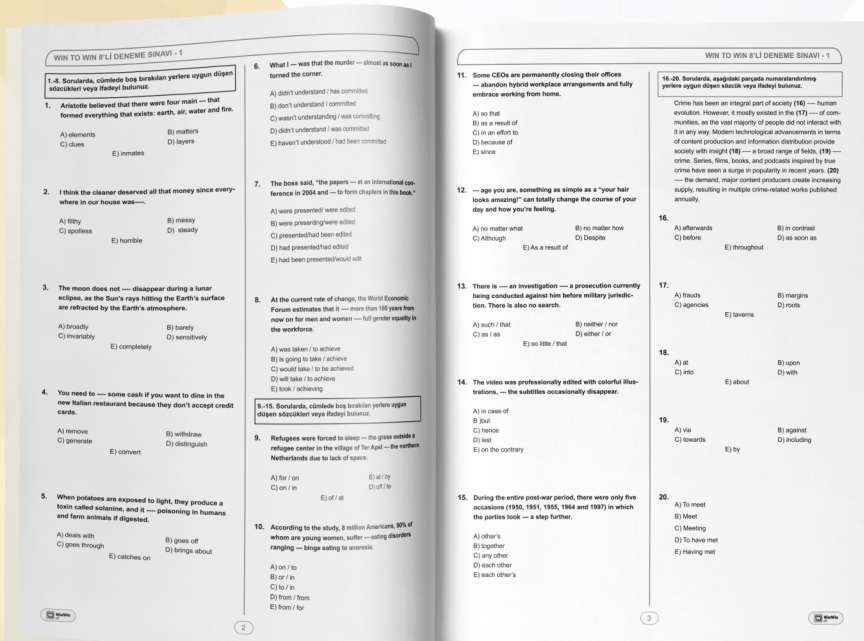
Dil sınavına hazırlanan öğrencilerimiz için özel olarak hazırlanan deneme setimizde tamamen özgün 7 adet 80 soruluk dil denemesi mevcuttur. Muhammed Özgür Yaşar kalitesiyle hazırlanan denemelerimiz ÖSYM sınav sistemiyle birebir uyumludur.





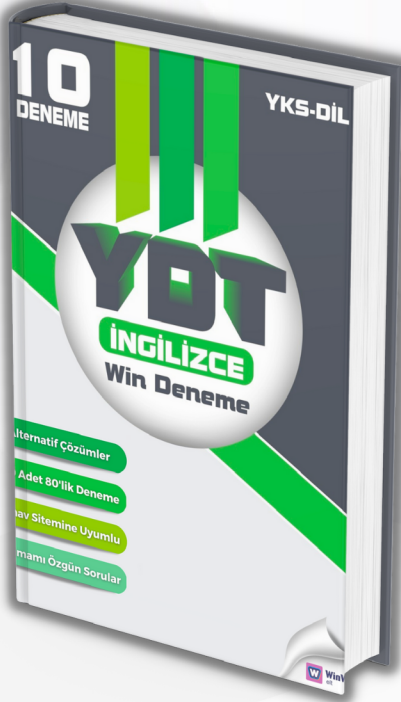
Win To Win YKS-DİL 8'Lİ DENEME SETİ

YKS Dil öğrencilerimizi
ÖSYM sınav sistemine
alışmaları için hazırlanmış
deneme setimizde 8 adet 80
soruluk YKS Dil sınavı
bulunmaktadır. Sorularımız,
ÖSYM sınav tarzlarına tam
olarak uyumludur.

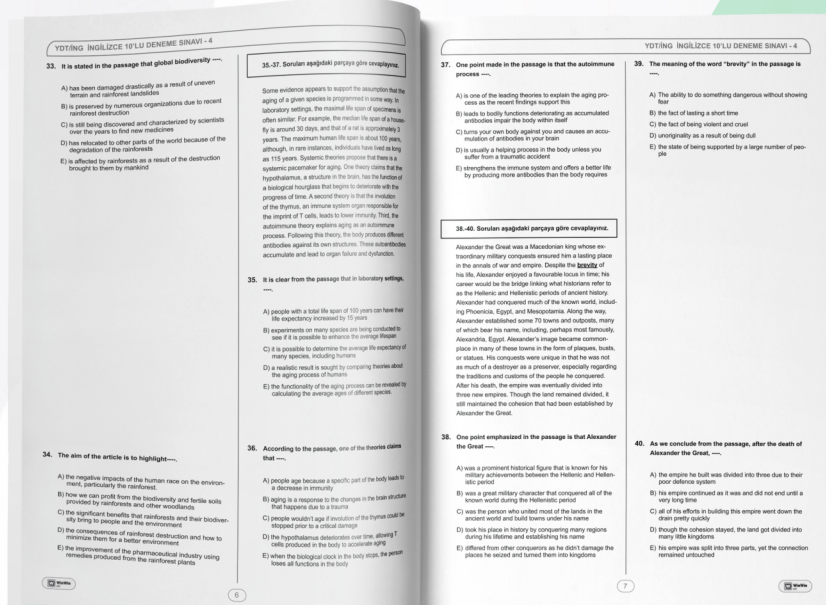




Win Deneme (YDT İNGİLİZCE) YKS-DİL 10'LU DENEME SETİ




YKS Dil öğrencilerimizi ÖSYM sınav sistemine alışmaları için hazırlanmış deneme setimizde 10 adet 80 soruluk YKS Dil sınavı bulunmaktadır. Sorularımız, ÖSYM sınav tarzlarına tam olarak uyumludur.





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